

OCC College Credit:

Pre-Req: Passed Alg2CC & Regents

Must register before Friday Sept. 13th

[Link to instructions on my website](#)

[Why you should register... or not](#)

Why you should consider

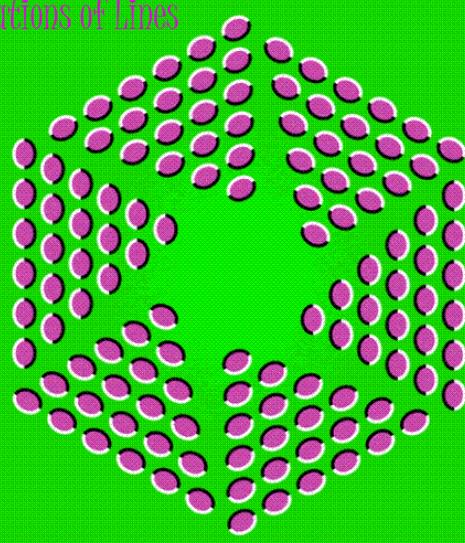
- o No cost
- o 4 credits at OCC
- o May transfer to your non-OCC college

Why you might not (you have this choice)

- o Struggling student won't want a poor grade to average into OCC average if attending there.
- o Cannot drop out of OCC course after the Sept 15th without showing a failure on OCC transcript. This affects FASFA financial aid application in a bad way whether you go to OCC or any college.

Sep 7-5:01 PM

Equations of Lines



Sep 8-4:41 PM

Homework 1 - 4 and pg 88 - 89

1. D: $\{x|x \neq 2\}$

$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

2. D: $\{x|x \neq 5, -1\}$

$(-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 5) \cup (5, \infty)$

3. D: $\{x|x \leq 8\}$

$(-\infty, 8]$

4. D: $\{x|x \geq -1 \wedge x \neq 0\}$

$[-1, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

5. D: $\{x|x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $\{y|y \geq -2\}$

$[-2, \infty)$

6. D: $\{x|x \neq 4, -4\}$

$(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

R: $\{y|y \neq 0\}$

7. D: $\{x|x \leq 7\}$

$(-\infty, 7]$

R: $\{y|y \geq 0\}$

$[0, \infty)$

9. D: $\{x|x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $\{y|y \leq 3\}$

$(-\infty, 3]$

60. no

62. yes

64. yes

66. no

68. D: $\{x|-3 \leq x < 5\}$

R: $\{y|-4 \leq y < 1\}$

$[-3, 5)$

$[-4, 1)$

70. D: $\{x|-2 \leq x \leq 1\}$

R: $\{y|-1 \leq y \leq 4\}$

$[-2, 1]$

$[-1, 4]$

7. D: $\{x|x \leq 7\}$

R: $\{y|y \geq 0\}$

$(-\infty, 7]$

$[0, \infty)$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

$(-\infty, 3]$

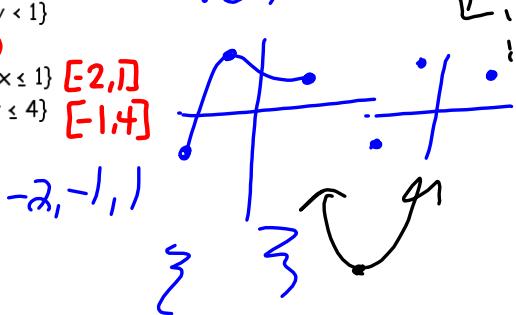
9.

D: $\{x|x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

R: $\{y|y \leq 3\}$

$f(x) = -x^2 + x + 1$

70)



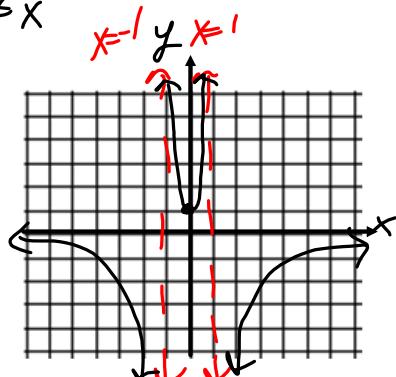
Sep 17-8:48 PM

Per 1 & 6/7

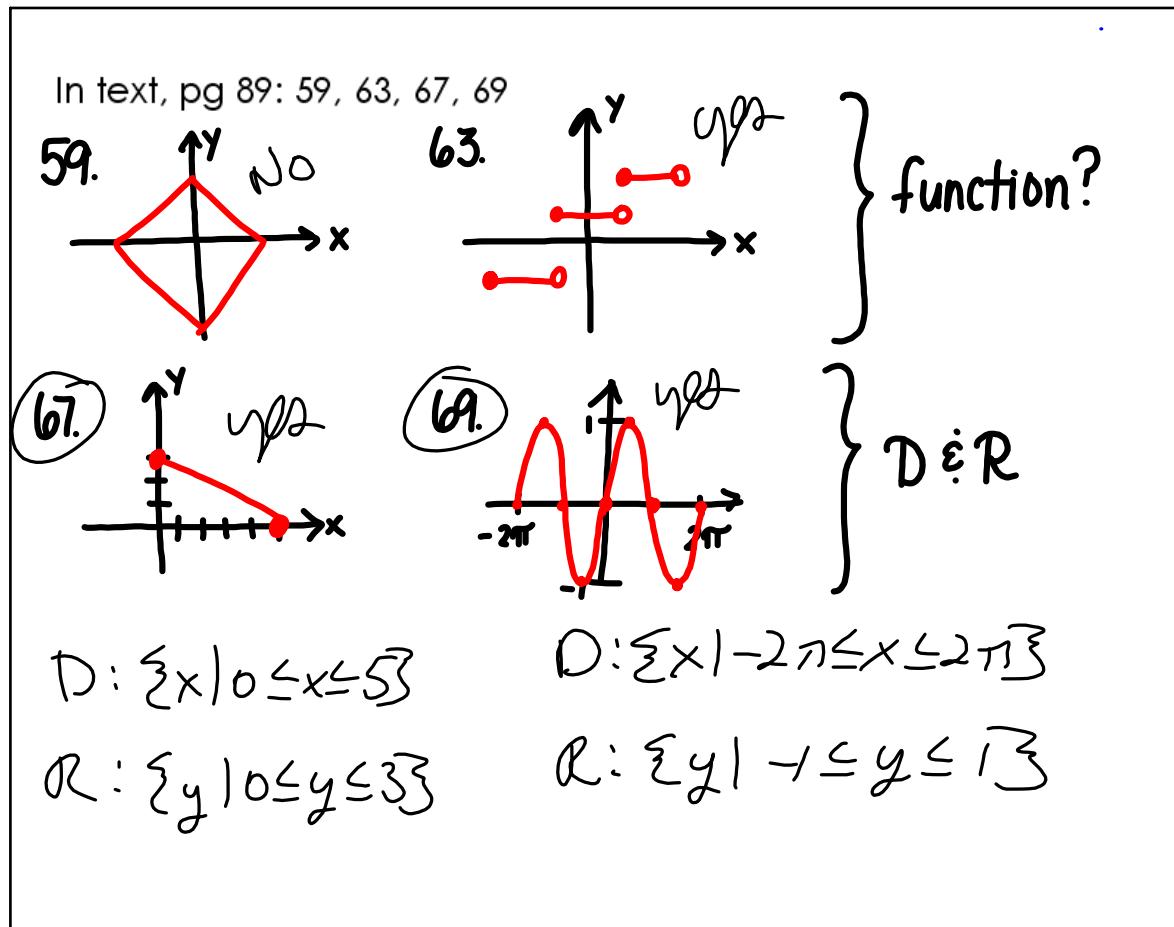
6. $g(x) = \frac{1}{(1-x^2)} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1-x^2 \neq 0}{1 \neq x^2}}$
 $\pm / \neq x$

D: $\{x|x \neq \pm 1\}$

R: $\{y|y < 0 \text{ or } y \geq 1\}$



Sep 9-7:04 AM



Sep 8-5:21 PM

Writing Equations of Lines

Midpoint Formula:

$$(x_m, y_m) = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

Slope Formula:

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Slope-Intercept Form of a Line:

$$m, b$$

$$y = mx + b$$

Point-Slope Form of a Line:

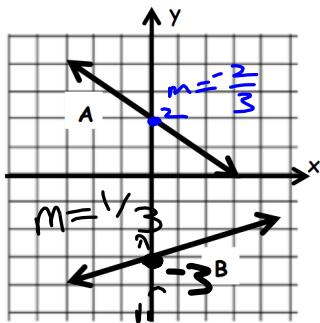
$$(x_1, y_1), m$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Aug 21-9:06 PM

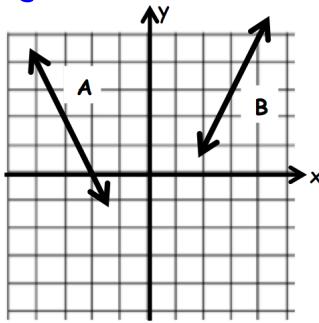
Write the equation of each graph in slope-intercept form (where applicable).

$$y = mx + b$$



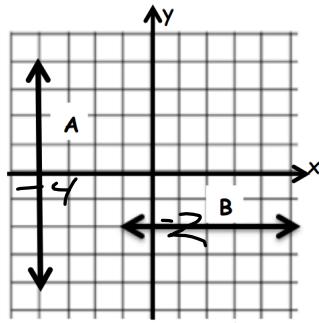
A: $y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 3$

B: $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 3$



A: _____

B: _____



A: $x = -4$

B: $y = -2$

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Perpendicular Lines have opposite reciprocal Slopes



Parallel Lines have Same Slopes



Write the equation of the line with the given information in point-slope and slope-intercept form.

1. slope = 3, through $(2, -5)$

point-slope $\rightarrow y + 5 = 3(x - 2)$

slope-intercept $\rightarrow y + 5 = 3x - 6$

$$y = 3x - 6 - 5$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 11}$$

Aug 21-9:43 PM

Slope-int: $y = mx + b$ P+1/Slope $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

2. slope = $\frac{1}{2}$, through (-1, 3)

point-slope $\rightarrow y - 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 1)$

slope-intercept $\rightarrow [y - 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 1)] \cdot 2$
 $2y - 6 = x + 1$
 $2y = x + 7$

3. through (-3, 5) and (1, -3) $m = \frac{-3 - 5}{1 + 3} = \frac{-8}{4} = -2$

point-slope $\rightarrow y - 5 = -2(x + 3)$ $y - 1 = -2(x + 1)$
 $y + 3 = -2(x - 1)$

slope-intercept \rightarrow
 $y = -2x - 1$

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4. parallel to $6x - 2y - 14 = 0$ and through (-2, 2)

point-slope $\rightarrow [y - 2 = 3(x + 2)]$

$$\begin{aligned} -2y &= -6x + 14 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} &= \frac{-6x}{-2} \\ y &= 3x - 7 \\ m &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

slope-intercept \rightarrow

$$\boxed{y = 3x + 8}$$

5. perpendicular to $y = 4x + 19$ and through (4, 2)

$$m = 4 \quad \perp m = -\frac{1}{4}$$

point-slope $\rightarrow y - 2 = -\frac{1}{4}(x - 4)$

slope-intercept $\rightarrow y(y - 2) = \left[-\frac{1}{4}(x - 4) \right] \times$

$$\begin{aligned} y - 2 &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 1 \\ y &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 1 \\ y &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

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6. perpendicular bisector of line segment that connects (-10, 2) and (-4, 4)

point-slope \rightarrow

$$(x_1, y_1), m \quad y - 3 = -3(x + 7)$$

slope-intercept \rightarrow

b, m

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -3x - 21 + 3 \\ y &= -3x - 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad m = \frac{4 - 2}{-4 + 10} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ slpt}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{midpt} = \left(\frac{-4 + 10}{2}, \frac{2 + 4}{2} \right) \\ = \left(\frac{6}{2}, \frac{6}{2} \right) \\ \in (3, 3)$$

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