

Homework Answers:

Quiz - No Calculator

P. 218

$$34) \left\{-\frac{1}{2}, 3\right\}$$

pp. 241-2

- 4) $\{-1\}$ 12) $\{4\}$ 13) $\{x|x \neq 0, 6\}$ 14) $\{\}$
 22) $\{-\frac{23}{8}\}$

Oct 6-7:19 PM

Homework Answers:

P. 218

$$\textcircled{34}) \left\{-\frac{1}{2}, 3\right\}$$

pp. 241-2

$$4) \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t+1}{3} - \frac{t-1}{2} \right) = (1) \frac{6}{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(t+1) - 3(t-1) &= 6 \\ 2t+2 - 3t + 3 &= 6 \\ -t + 5 &= 6 \\ -1 &= t \end{aligned}$$

- 4) $\{-1\}$ 12) $\{4\}$ 13) $\{x|x \neq 0, 6\}$ 14) $\{\}$

22) $\{-\frac{23}{8}\}$

$$34) \frac{2x^2 - 5x - 3}{2} = 0$$

$$x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{25}{16} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{25}{16}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{5}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{24}{16} + \frac{25}{16}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{5}{4}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{16}}$$

$$x - \frac{5}{4} = \pm \frac{7}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4} \pm \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{-\frac{5}{2}}{2}\right)^2 = \left(-\frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$= \left(-\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{16}$$

$$(x + \frac{b}{2})^2$$

$$x = \left\{ 3, -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

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$$13) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{x+6} - \frac{1}{x} \right) = \left(\frac{6}{\cancel{x^2-6x}} \right) \frac{x(x-6)}{\cancel{1}} \quad x \neq 0, 6$$

$$x - (x-6) = 6$$

$$x - x + 6 = 6$$

$$6 = 6$$

$$\{ x | x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 0, 6 \}$$

Oct 19-7:43 AM

$$14) \left(\frac{8}{x^2+4} = \frac{x}{x-2} - \frac{2}{x+2} \right) \frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{1} \quad x \neq \pm 2$$

$$8 = x(x+2) - 2(x-2)$$

$$8 = x^2 + 2x - 2x + 4$$

$$x^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 4} = \sqrt{0}$$

$$\underline{x = \pm 2} \quad \emptyset \text{ or } \{ \}$$

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22

$$\frac{1}{3x+6} - \frac{1}{x^2-4} = \frac{3}{x-2}$$

LCD:
 $3(x+2)(x-2)$

$$(x-2) - 3 = 3(3)(x+2)$$

Oct 19-7:44 AM

You have 2 minutes to review
Day 4 Function Properties
before the Quiz.

Sep 30-2:23 PM

QUIZ

Oct 10-8:48 PM

Radical Equations



"How d'you expect me to do all this
homework without a computer?"

Sep 30-1:23 PM

↳ Always Isolate Radicals

You can only square or cube **sides** of equations, **not terms**...

↳ Always Check Answers

You may have **extraneous roots** → not all answers work...

↳ Answers must be in the **REAL** Numbers

You **can't** have a negative under a **square root**...

You **can** have a negative under a **cube root**...

$$\cancel{1 > 9} \quad \sqrt[3]{-8} = -2$$

Sep 30 2:39 PM

Solve the following:

$$1. \quad (\sqrt{4x+9})^2 = 5^2$$

$$4x+9 = 25$$

$$4x = 16$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\boxed{x=4}$$

Isolate

check $x=4$

$$\sqrt{4(4)+9} = 5$$

$$\sqrt{16+9} = 5$$

$$\sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$5 \cancel{=} 5$$

$$(\sqrt{m})^2 = \sqrt{m} \cdot \sqrt{m} = \sqrt{m^2} = m$$

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$$2. \left(\sqrt[3]{x^2 - 1}\right)^3 = 2^3$$

Isolate
check +3

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 1 &= 8 \\ \sqrt[3]{x^2} &= \sqrt[3]{8} \\ x^2 &= 8 \\ x &= \{-3, 3\} \end{aligned}$$

check -3

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[3]{(-3)^2 - 1} &= 2 \\ \sqrt[3]{8} &= 2 \\ 2 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

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$$3. (\sqrt{x+7})^2 = (x-5)^2$$

Isolate

$$\begin{aligned} x+7 &= (x-5)(x-5) \\ &\downarrow \\ &= x^2 - 5x - 5x + 25 \\ &= x^2 - 10x + 25 \\ &\underline{-x \quad -7} \\ x^2 - 11x + 18 &= 0 \\ (x-9)(x-2) &= 0 \\ x=9 \quad | \quad x=2 & \end{aligned}$$

Ch $x=9$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{9+7} &= 9-5 \\ \sqrt{16} &= 4 \\ 4 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Ch $x=2$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{2+7} &= 2-5 \\ \sqrt{9} &= -3 \\ 3 &\neq -3 \end{aligned}$$

$\{9\}$

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4. $\sqrt{5x+6} = 3 + \sqrt{x+3}$ Isolate $(\sqrt{x+3})^2$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x+6 &= (3+\sqrt{x+3})(3+\sqrt{x+3}) \\ 5x+6 &= 9 + 3\cancel{\sqrt{x+3}} + 3\cancel{\sqrt{x+3}} + x+3 \\ 5x+6 &= 12 + x + 6\cancel{\sqrt{x+3}} \\ -x - 12 &\hline \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4x-6)^2}{6} = \frac{6\cancel{\sqrt{x+3}}}{6}$$

$$\left(\frac{2x-3}{3}\right)^2 = (\sqrt{x+3})^2$$

$$\frac{1}{9}(4x^2 - 12x + 9) = \left(\frac{x+3}{1}\right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x^2 - 12x + 9 &= 9x + 27 \\ -9x - 27 &\hline \end{aligned}$$

$$9x^2 - 21x - 18 = 0$$

$\frac{4x-6}{6} = \frac{4x-6}{6}$
 $\cancel{4x-6} = \cancel{4x-6}$
 $x = 1$

$4x^2 - 21x - 18 = 0 \quad P = -72$
 $(x-6)(4x+3) = 0 \quad S = -21$
 $x = 6 \quad x = -\frac{3}{4}$
reject

$\{6\}$

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5. $\sqrt{2x-5} - \sqrt{x-3} = 1$

$$(\sqrt{2x-5})^2 = (1 + \sqrt{x-3})^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x-5 &= 1 + 2\sqrt{x-3} + x-3 \\ 2x-5 &= -2 + x + 2\sqrt{x-3} \\ -x + 2 &\hline \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{x-3}}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{x-3}{2}\right)^2 = (\sqrt{x-3})^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 6x + 9 &= x-3 \\ 4 &\hline \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 6x + 9 &= 4x - 12 \\ -4x + 12 &\hline \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 7 \quad x = 3$$

$$\{3, 7\}$$

check ✓

Oct 15 12:12 PM

**HW: PP. 241 - 242
26, 31, 34, 50, 54, 64, 67**



**TEST Wednesday !!!
GRADED DUE MONDAY!**



Oct 15-12:12 PM

Oct 16-3:54 PM