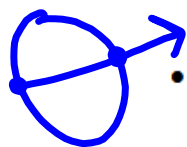


Class Notes 4: Lines That Intersect Circles

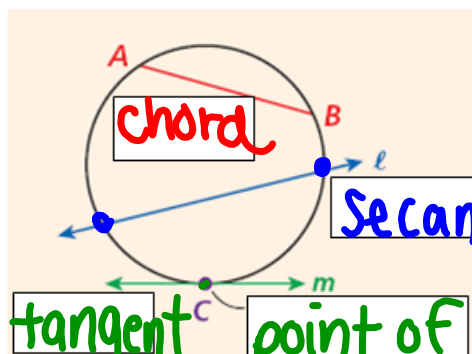
Lines & Segments that Intersect Circles

- A chord is a segment whose endpoints lie on a circle.



- A secant is a line that intersects a circle at 2 points.

- A tangent is a line in the same plane as a circle that intersects it at exactly 1 point.



tangent

point of tangency

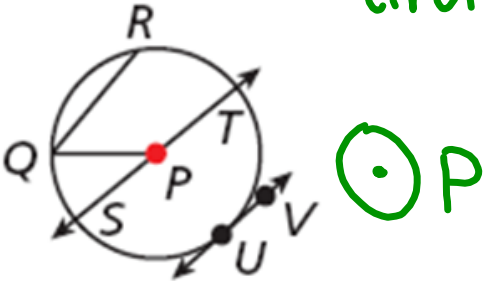
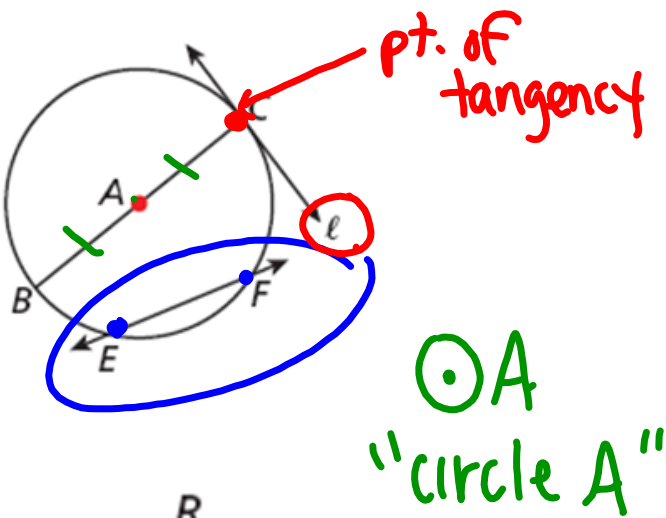
Example 1: Identifying Lines and Segments that Intersect Circles

Chords: $\overline{BC}, \overline{EF}$ ★
(seg)
Tangent: ℓ
Radii: $\overline{AC}, \overline{AB}$
Secant: \overleftrightarrow{EF} ★
Diameter: \overline{BC} (chord)



TRY IT!

- Chords:
- Tangent:
- Radii:
- Secant:
- Diameter:



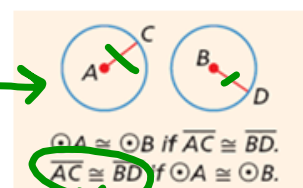
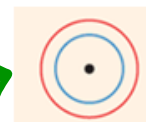
Pairs of Circles

Match the following pairs of circles with their corresponding picture and give a quick definition in your own words:

- **CONGRUENT CIRCLES**
Two circles are congruent if and only if they have congruent radii with

- **CONCENTRIC CIRCLES**
Coplanar circles with the same center

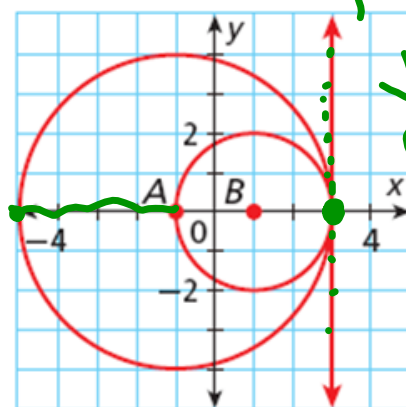
- **TANGENT CIRCLES**
Two coplanar circles that intersect at exactly 1 point



Example 2: Identifying Tangents of Circles

Find the length of each radius. Identify the point of tangency and write the equation of the tangent line at this point.

- Radius of Circle A: 4
- Radius of Circle B: 2
- Point of Tangency: (3,0)
- Equation of Tangent Line: $X=3$



tangent
 $x=3$

Think about it: How do you know if the equation of a tangent line that is an axis should be written as " $x =$ " or " $y =$ "?

TRY IT!

Find the length of each radius. Identify the point of tangency and write the equation of the tangent line at this point.

Radius of Circle D:

3

Radius of Circle C:

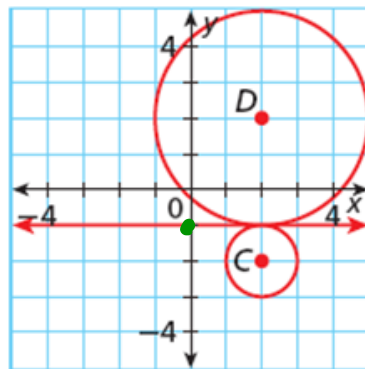
1

Point of Tangency:

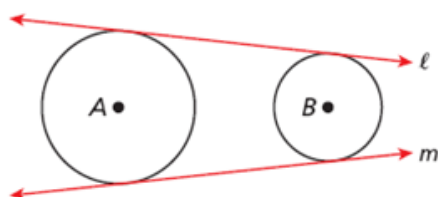
(2, -1)

Equation of Tangent Line:

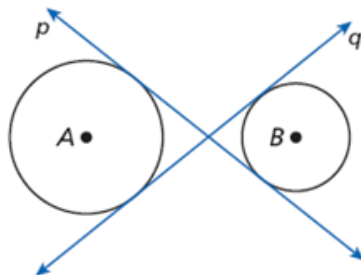
$y = -1$



A **common tangent** is a line that is tangent to two circles.

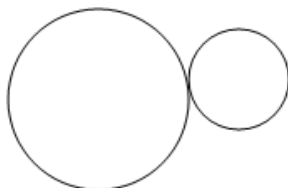


Lines ℓ and m are common external tangents to $\odot A$ and $\odot B$.



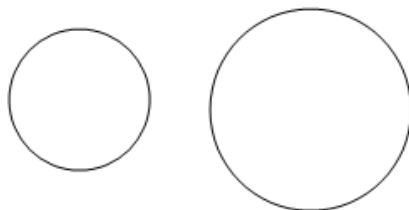
Lines p and q are common internal tangents to $\odot A$ and $\odot B$.

How many common tangents do the following tangent circles have?

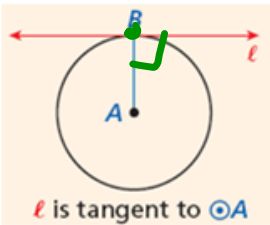
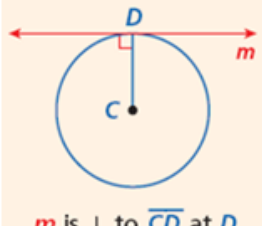


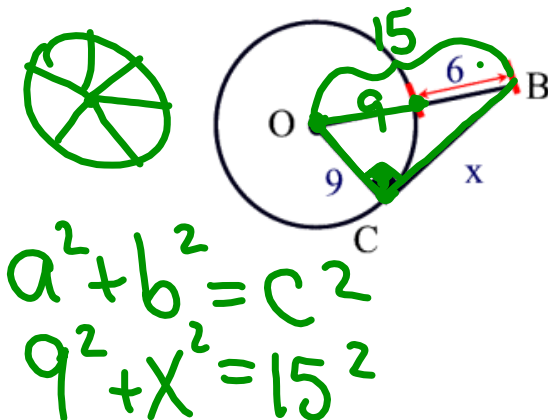
Try It!

How many common tangents do the following circles have?



Tangent Theorems

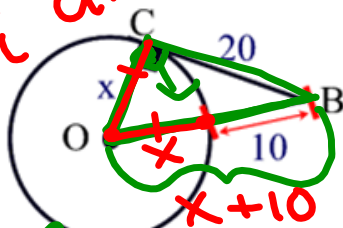
<u>Theorem</u>	<u>Hypothesis</u>	<u>Conclusion</u>
★ A line tangent to a circle \rightarrow line \perp to radius	 ℓ is tangent to $\odot A$	$\overline{AB} \perp \ell$ $(\perp \rightarrow R \angle \text{'s})$
A line \perp to a radius \rightarrow line tangent to circle	 m is \perp to \overline{CD} at D	

Example 3: Tangent Theorem \overline{CB} tangent.Find x .

Choose:

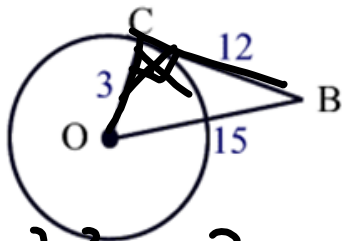
- ☐ 15
☐ 14
☒ 12
☐ 9

Try It!

all radii are \cong 

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$20^2 + x^2 = (x+10)^2$$



$$3^2 + 12^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 15^2$$

$$9 + 144 \neq 225$$

Choose:

- ☐ 5
☐ 10
☐ 12
☒ 15

 \overline{CB} tangent.Find x .

$$400 + x^2 = (x+10)(x+10)$$

$$400 + x^2 = x^2 + 10x + 10x + 100$$

$$-100 \quad -x^2 \quad -x^2 \quad -100$$

In the diagram at

the left, is \overline{CB} a
tangent?

(OB = 15)

$$300 = 20x$$

No