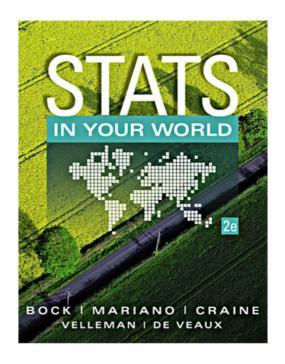
Chapter 1

Stats Starts Here



ALWAYS LEARNING

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PEARSON

Chapter 1, Slide 1

States - Count the number you have visited

Alabama	Indiana	Nebraska	Rhode Island	
Alaska	Iowa	Nevada	South Carolina	
Arizona	Kansas	New Hampshire	South Dakota	
Arkansas	Kentucky	New Jersey	Tennessee	
California	Louisiana	New Mexico	Texas	
Colorado	Maine	New York	Utah	
Connecticut	Maryland	North Carolina	Vermont	
Delaware	Massachusetts	North Dakota	Virginia	
Florida	Michigan	Ohio	Washington	
Georgia	Minnesota	Oklahoma	West Virginia	
Hawaii	Mississippi	Oregon	Wisconsin	
Idaho	Missouri	Pennsylvania	Wyoming	
Illinois	Montana			

Number of states you have visited 14,11,12,7,7,9,7,11,4,2,4,9,12,6,11 Gender M:6 F:9 Number of siblings 1, 16, 2, 1, 1, 5, 2, 3, 5, 0, 3, 1, 3, 3, 2 Shoe Size 8, 6.5W, 10, 8.5, 11.5, 8, 7, 8.5, 10, 12, 6, 8.5, 10.5, 11, 8 Random # 12, 17, 68, 5, 14, 10, 10, 13, (4,5,1,2), 42, 12, 14, 12, 12, 14 Height 5"6', 5'3",5'8",5'5",5'10",5ft3in, 62, 6'5",5'10", 6'0",5'3",5'3",5'8",6'2",5'2 **Favorite Color** blue, yellow, pink, blue, blue, blue, purple, blue, olive green, dark purple, purple, blue, blue, blue, purple

Disussion Questions:

Are they any flaws to this data/survey?

Do any results seem out extraordinary?

"Data has a story to tell. Our job is to uncover the story."

What can we learn about our class from this survey?

Homework:

Read Chapter 1 and Complete the Study Guide.

	Pg. Sachet
Name	Statistics: Reading Guide Chapter 1

Anticipation Guide

- 1. Before you read, mark in the left column whether you agree or disagree with each statement in the center column.
- 2. As you read the chapter, record evidence to support or refute each statement in the space provided.
- After you read, mark in the right column whether you now agree or disagree with each statement. Be prepared to share in class how your thinking was confirmed or changed after reading the text.

Before Reading	Statement/Evidence	
	1. Statistics is mostly about using formulas and math.	
Agree		Agree
	Evidence:	
Disagree		Disagree
	2. How data is collected can affect how useful that data is.	
Agree	2	Agree
	Evidence:	
Disagree		Disagree
	3. Numerical data (such as weight in pounds, age, shoe size) should be	
Agree	labeled as a <u>quantitative</u> variable.	Agree
Disagree	Evidence:	Disagree
	4. Gender (male/female) is a categorical variable.	
Agree		Agree
ъ.	Evidence:	ъ:
Disagree		Disagree
	5. The best way to make sure we have data that provides useful	
Agree	information is to collect a lot of it.	Agree
Disagree	Evidence:	Disagree
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