BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2021



Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Baldwinsville Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 49–53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2021 on our consideration of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 15, 2021

Baldwinsville Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by \$84,476,156 (net position) an increase of \$277,152 from the prior year. A large part of the increase was a result of a decrease of \$3,643,286 of net pension liability. The net pension liability is a creation by GASB to ostensibly show the additional liability the District may incur should NYS fail to adequately fund the Teachers' and Employee Retirement systems. These pension systems are some of the largest public and most stable public pension systems in the United States.

General revenues which include State and Federal Aid, Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$110,768,693 or 95% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions accounted for \$5,279,667 or 5% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$43,633,473, an increase of \$3,954,857 in comparison with the prior year. The increase was a result of the movement of funds from the accrued liability from self insured health insurance, unanticipated BOCES and Excess cost aid from the 2020-21 school year, and reduced expenses due to the impacts of COVID-19 during the school year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains seven individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Library Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the special aid fund, the school lunch fund, the library fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements						
	Government-Wide	Fund Financ	cial Statements			
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies			
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2021, than the year before, increasing to (\$84,476,156) as shown in the table below.

			Total	
	Government	Variance		
ASSETS:	<u>2021</u>	2020		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 51,497,590	\$ 87,465,795	\$ (35,968,205)	
Capital Assets	128,566,117	128,426,977	139,140	
Total Assets	\$ 180,063,707	\$ 215,892,772	\$ (35,829,065)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 79,868,337	\$ 40,119,964	\$ 39,748,373	
LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 275,081,734	\$ 252,673,280	\$ 22,408,454	
Other Liabilities	8,219,039	42,042,960	(33,823,921)	
Total Liabilities	\$ 283,300,773	\$ 294,716,240	\$ (11,415,467)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 61,107,427	\$ 46,050,164	\$ 15,057,263	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 70,569,957	\$ 67,590,328	\$ 2,979,629	
Restricted For,				
Employment Retirement System	9,478,347	9,478,347	-	
Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve	3,957,141	4,111,360	(154,219)	
Capital Reserve	7,481,697	5,092,858	2,388,839	
Other Purposes	11,018,478	11,919,437	(900,959)	
Unrestricted	(186,981,776)	(182,945,998)	(4,035,778)	
Total Net Position	\$ (84,476,156)	\$ (84,753,668)	\$ 277,512	

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are four restricted net asset balances; Reserve for ERS, Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve, Capital Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance is a deficit in unrestricted net position which totals (\$186,981,776).

Key Variances are as Follows

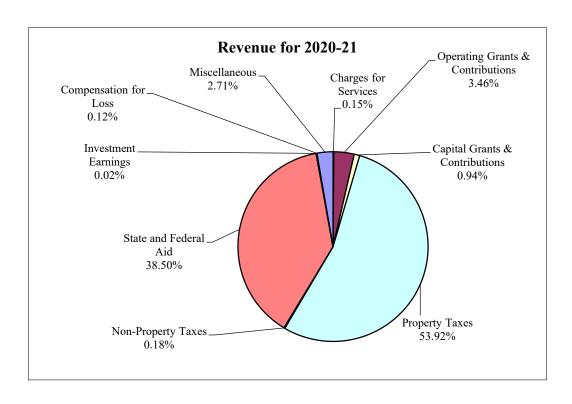
- Current and Other Assets decreased by \$35,968,205 because the District sold bonds in June 2020 for a project approved by the voters in 2016 and the cash from this sale was received at closing in July 2020.
- Long-Term Debt Obligations rose by \$22,408,454 due to the issuance of new debt in 2020-21 to pay for completed projects and the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability increasing \$25,294,024.

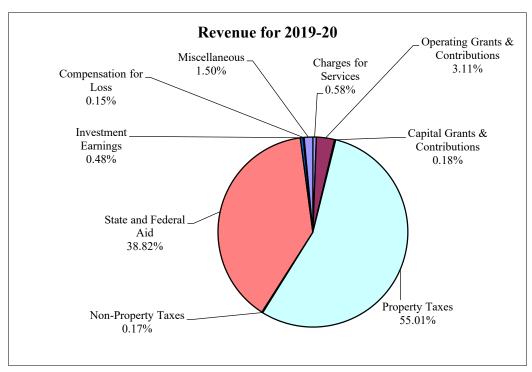
Changes in Net Position

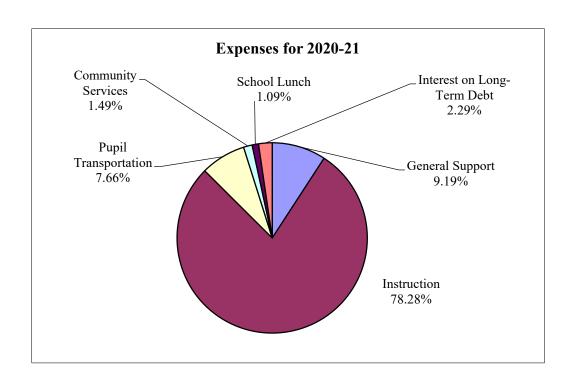
The District's total revenue increased 4% to \$116,048,360. State and federal aid 39% and property taxes 54% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 7% of the revenue comes from operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, non property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

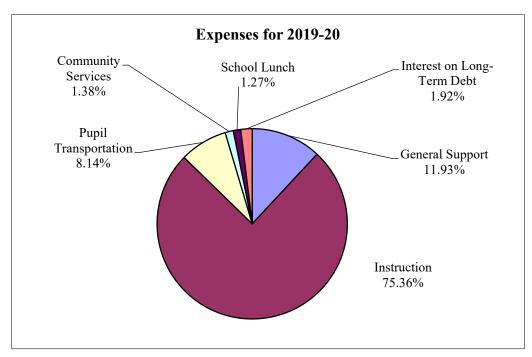
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 3% to \$115,770,848. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (Instruction) 78%. General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance, and administration of the District, accounted for 9% of the total costs. See the table below:

		Governmen	Total <u>Variance</u>			
	2021 2020					
REVENUES:						
Program -						
Charges for Service	\$	170,184	\$	645,491	\$	(475,307)
Operating Grants & Contributions		4,016,900		3,460,918		555,982
Capital Grants & Contributions		1,092,583		200,642		891,941
Total Program	\$	5,279,667	\$	4,307,051	\$	972,616
General -		_				
Property Taxes	\$	62,573,457	\$	61,312,034	\$	1,261,423
Non Property Taxes		206,489		192,527		13,962
State and Federal Aid		44,684,147		43,266,186		1,417,961
Investment Earnings		28,761		540,218		(511,457)
Compensation for Loss		136,064		164,065		(28,001)
Miscellaneous		3,139,775		1,671,120		1,468,655
Total General	\$	110,768,693	\$	107,146,150	\$	3,622,543
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	116,048,360	\$	111,453,201	\$	4,595,159
EXPENSES:						
General Support	\$	10,641,170	\$	11,600,165	\$	(958,995)
Instruction		90,618,731		92,893,144		(2,274,413)
Pupil Transportation		8,870,780		9,765,402		(894,622)
Community Services		1,727,126		1,656,084		71,042
School Lunch		1,256,191		1,524,362		(268,171)
Interest		2,656,850		2,301,800		355,050
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	115,770,848	\$	119,740,957	\$	(3,970,109)
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	277,512	\$	(8,287,756)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR (restated)		(84,753,668)		(76,465,912)		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(84,476,156)	\$	(84,753,668)		









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$43,633,473 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$39,678,616.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$39,292,455. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$2,834,642 compared with the prior year. See the table below:

			Total
General Fund Balances:	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	Variance
Nonspendable	\$ 1,244,302	\$ 1,481,863	\$ (237,561)
Restricted	30,540,645	26,635,422	3,905,223
Assigned	2,932,507	3,007,501	(74,994)
Unassigned	 4,575,001	5,333,027	(758,026)
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 39,292,455	\$ 36,457,813	\$ 2,834,642

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$744,136. This change is attributable to \$403,136 of carryover encumbrances from the 2019-20 school year and \$341,000 for capital project-equipment purchases.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget	
	Variance	
	Amended	
	Vs.	
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		This is mostly due to the CARES Act funds, which
State Sources	(\$819,044)	supplanted state aid with federal revenue.
	Budget	
	Variance	
	Amended	
	Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Support-Central		
Services	\$1,069,438	Covid 19 Reduced Expenses in 2020-21.
Instructional-Teaching-		
Regular School	\$1,576,638	Covid 19 Reduced Expenses in 2020-21.
Employee Benefits	\$1,170,734	Covid 19 Reduced Expenses in 2020-21.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the District had invested \$128,566,117 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 2,039,499	\$ 2,039,499
Buildings and Improvements	120,245,220	120,241,084
Machinery and Equipment	 6,281,398	 6,146,394
Total Capital Assets	\$ 128,566,117	\$ 128,426,977

More detailed financial information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$275,081,734 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

Type	<u>202</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>2020</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 54,4	\$29,146	53,324,923
Installment Purchase Debt	2,7	785,000	2,955,000
Amortized Bond Premium	2,7	789,379	2,878,410
OPEB	206,2	279,560	180,985,536
Net Pension Liability	7,0	74,322	10,717,608
Compensated Absences	1,7	724,327	1,811,803
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 275,0	\$1,734	252,673,280

More detailed financial information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District remains concerned about the long term effects of Covid 19 on the finances of the State of NY. The Federal government is providing some assistance over the next three years, however, school districts in New York are looking to continue providing PPE and added cleaning/disinfecting/air filtration. The administration has begun looking at a long range financial plan with various scenarios and remaining aware of possible impacts on instruction. The District does have fund balance on our balance sheet that we could use for a rainy day, however the heavy use of this fund balance would deplete the district's savings. The basic strengths of Baldwinsville CSD remain: We have a very supportive community who have consistently approved annual budgets and capital projects. Our enrollment is steady and our District housing stock is constantly being added to. People want to move into our District largely due to the schools. We will continue to manage the District's finances conservatively going into the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Baldwinsville Central School District 29 East Oneida Street Complex Baldwinsville, New York 13027

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories Capital Assets: Land Color of the strict of the
Accounts receivable Inventories Capital Assets: Land 4,873,953 94,746 2,039,499
Inventories 94,746 Capital Assets: Land 2,039,499
Capital Assets: Land 2,039,499
Land 2,039,499
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0.1 (4.1 (4.61 (4.61))
Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 126,526,618
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 180,063,707
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Deferred outflows of resources \$ 79,868,337
LIABILITIES
Accounts payable \$ 502,063
Accrued liabilities 589,306
Unearned revenues 59,229
Due to other governments 1,966
Due to teachers' retirement system 4,472,793
Due to employees' retirement system 486,596
Other Liabilities 2,107,086
Long-Term Obligations:
Due in one year 5,094,259
Due in more than one year 269,987,475
TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 283,300,773
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Deferred inflows of resources \$ 61,107,427
NET POSITION
Net investment in capital assets \$ 70,569,958
Restricted For:
Reserve for employee retirement system 9,478,347
Accrued benefit liability reserve 3,957,141
Capital reserves 7,481,697
Other purposes 11,018,478
Unrestricted (186,981,777
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ (84,476,156

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

									N	Net (Expense)
]	Revenue and
										Changes in
]	Prog	ram Revenue	S			Net Position
					(Operating		Capital		
			Cl	narges for	(Frants and	G	Frants and	G	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	<u> </u>	<u>Services</u>	<u>Co</u>	ontributions	<u>Co</u>	ontributions		<u>Activities</u>
Primary Government -										
General support	\$	10,641,170	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(10,641,170)
Instruction		90,618,731		86,732		2,850,241		1,092,583		(86,589,175)
Pupil transportation		8,870,780		-		-		-		(8,870,780)
Community services		1,727,126		-		-		-		(1,727,126)
School lunch		1,256,191		83,452		1,166,659		-		(6,080)
Interest		2,656,850								(2,656,850)
Total Primary Government	\$	115,770,848	\$	170,184	\$	4,016,900	\$	1,092,583	\$	(110,491,181)
	Gene	eral Revenues:								
	Pro	perty taxes							\$	62,573,457
	No	n property taxes	3							206,489
	Sta	te and federal ai	id							44,684,147
	Inv	estment earning	ţS.							28,761
	Co	mpensation for 1	loss							136,064
	Mi	scellaneous								3,139,775
	1	Total General R	Reven	ies					\$	110,768,693
	Ch	anges in Net Po	sition						\$	277,512
	Ne	t Position, Begi	nning	g of Year (re	state	d)				(84,753,668)
	Ne	t Position, End	of Ye	ear					\$	(84,476,156)

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,966,213	\$ 2,368,452	\$ 1,194,226	\$	46,528,891
Receivables	3,375,732	327,397	1,170,824		4,873,953
Inventories	-	_	94,746		94,746
Due from other funds	3,367,866	2,492,862	1,342,591		7,203,319
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 49,709,811	\$ 5,188,711	\$ 3,802,387	\$	58,700,909
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
<u>Liabilities</u> -					
Accounts payable	\$ 270,932	\$ 6,792	\$ 224,339	\$	502,063
Accrued liabilities	199,128	-	35,256		234,384
Due to other funds	2,880,821	3,170,335	1,152,163		7,203,319
Due to other governments	-	-	1,966		1,966
Due to TRS	4,472,793	-	-		4,472,793
Due to ERS	486,596	-	-		486,596
Other liabilities	2,107,086	-	-		2,107,086
Unearned revenue	-	-	59,229		59,229
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 10,417,356	\$ 3,177,127	\$ 1,472,953	\$	15,067,436
Fund Balances -					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,244,302	\$ -	\$ 94,746	\$	1,339,048
Restricted	30,540,645	2,020,385	1,395,018		33,956,048
Assigned	2,932,507	-	839,670		3,772,177
Unassigned	 4,575,001	(8,801)	-		4,566,200
TOTAL FUND BALANCE TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	\$ 39,292,455	\$ 2,011,584	\$ 2,329,434	\$	43,633,473
FUND BALANCES	\$ 49,709,811	\$ 5,188,711	\$ 3,802,387		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 128,566,117

Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position but not in the funds. (354,922)

The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Serial bonds payable	(54,429,146)
OPEB	(206,279,560)
Compensated absences	(1,724,327)
Unamortized bond premium	(2,789,379)
Installment purchase debt	(2,785,000)
Deferred outflow - pension	32,170,617
Deferred outflow - OPEB	47,697,720
Net pension liability	(7,074,322)
Deferred inflow - pension	(15,305,553)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(45,801,874)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (84,476,156)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	61,020,535	\$	_	\$	1,552,922	\$	62,573,457
Non-property taxes	Ψ	206,489	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	206,489
Charges for services		86,732		_		2,314		89,046
Use of money and property		28,202		_		559		28,761
Sale of property and compensation for loss		136,064		-		-		136,064
Miscellaneous		2,815,164		-		140,949		2,956,113
State sources		43,730,582		1,092,583		607,918		45,431,083
Federal sources		953,565		-		3,408,982		4,362,547
Sales		, -		-		83,452		83,452
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	108,977,333	\$	1,092,583	\$	5,797,096	\$	115,867,012
EXPENDITURES								
General support	\$	7,816,519	\$	-	\$	385,548	\$	8,202,067
Instruction		54,949,055		-		2,749,099		57,698,154
Pupil transportation		5,586,076		1,186,598		18,695		6,791,369
Community services		-		-		1,486,972		1,486,972
Employee benefits		30,558,444		-		582,171		31,140,615
Debt service - principal		-		-		5,852,237		5,852,237
Debt service - interest		-		-		3,223,854		3,223,854
Cost of sales		-		-		427,136		427,136
Other expenses		-		-		614,014		614,014
Capital outlay		_		3,443,545		_		3,443,545
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	98,910,094	\$	4,630,143	\$	15,339,726	\$	118,879,963
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	10,067,239	\$	(3,537,560)	\$	(9,542,630)	\$	(3,012,951)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	441,000	\$	6,791,597	\$	7,232,597
Transfers - out		(7,232,597)		-		-		(7,232,597)
Proceeds from obligations		-		4,679,146		-		4,679,146
BAN's redeemed from appropriations		-		2,107,314		-		2,107,314
Premium on obligations issued		_		_		181,348		181,348
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(7,232,597)	\$	7,227,460	\$	6,972,945	\$	6,967,808
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	2,834,642	\$	3,689,900	\$	(2,569,685)	\$	3,954,857
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR (restated)		36,457,813		(1,678,316)		4,899,119		39,678,616
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	39,292,455	\$	2,011,584	\$	2,329,434	\$	43,633,473

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 3,954,857

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 3,443,545
Additions to Assets, Net	1,418,331
Depreciation	(4,722,736)

139,140

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 5,852,237
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(4,679,146)
Proceeds from BAN Redemption	(2,107,314)
Unamortized Bond Premium	89,031

(845,192)

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

477,973

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

864,835

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System
Employees' Retirement System

(5,229,851) 828,274

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

87,476

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

277.512

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS	·	fustodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	180,533
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	180,533
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	180,533
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	180,533

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

ADDITIONS	_	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS		
Miscellaneous	\$	91,117
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	91,117
DEDUCTIONS Student activity TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$ \$	100,951 100,951
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(9,834)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR (restated)		190,367
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	180,533

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Baldwinsville Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

2. <u>Public Library</u>

The Public Library jointly shares the services of the District Treasurer, appoints trustees for library purposes, and has title to real property used by the Library.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Onondaga, Cortland-Madison Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$8,550,865 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,612,995.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>**Public Library Fund**</u> - Used to account for transactions of a library governed by a library Board of Trustees and supported by the general tax levy.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, 2020 and become a lien on August 24, 2020. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2020.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County(ies) in which the District is located. The County(ies) pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County(ies) for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>ireshold</u>	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

O. Vested Employee Benefits

1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a payas-you-go basis.

P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,479,454
Unemployment Costs	1,356,695
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,549,889
Tax Certiorari	1,426,291
Debt Service	1,210,686
Liability	2,811,131
Scholarships	 184,332
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 11,018,478

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$186,981,766 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 94,746
Noncurrent Receivables	1,244,302
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 1,339,048

Restricted Fund Balances – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			Total
Name	Maximum	Total Funding	Year to Date
of Reserve	Funding	Provided	Balance
2017 Capital Reserve	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 4,755,741	\$ 3,550,199
2020 Capital Reserve	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,930,478	\$ 3,931,498

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous years TRS salary.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

where the following.	Total
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,479,454
Unemployment Costs	1,356,695
Retirement Contribution - ERS	9,478,347
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,549,889
Tax Certiorari	1,426,291
Liability	2,811,131
Capital Reserves	7,481,697
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	3,957,141
Capital Fund -	
13-14 Renovation Project	60,446
2021 equipment purchase	44
2021 capital outlay	4,174
16-17 Buses	41,340
17-18 Buses	28,190
18-19 Buses	20,730
19-20 Buses	8,336
20-21 bus purchases	12,548
2015-16 Renovations	280,417
2018 safety and sec	1,564,160
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	1,210,686
Misc Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	 184,332
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 33,956,048

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2021-22 budget:

	<u> 10tai</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 160,000
Retirement Contribution	1,642,220
Total	\$ 1,802,220

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$138,000 and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$16,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances.

Capital Projects Fund -

Capital Improvements \$ 79,840

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 328,142
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	2,604,365
Library Fund - Year End Equity	694,755
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	144,915
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,772,177

c. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2021, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	Government-Wide <u>Statements</u>		Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Fiduciary <u>Fund</u>	
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated Adjustments for activities previously recorded in Agency Fund:	\$	(84,923,175)	\$	39,509,109	\$	169,507
Student Activity Fund Adjustments for activities previously recorded in Agency Fund:		-		-		190,367
Scholarship		169,507		169,507		(169,507)
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	(84,753,668)	\$	39,678,616	\$	190,367

III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activity. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for certain activity previously reported in the Fiduciary Fund. The District is now required to report some or all of that activity in the Governmental funds. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2020-21 year the budget was increased \$403,136 for carryover encumbrances, \$341,000 for the voter approved transfer for equipment purchases.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Net Position

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2021 of \$84,476,156. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$206,279,560 at June 30, 2021. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

D. Deficit Unassigned Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$8,801 at June 30, 2021, which is a result of project expenditures incurred for the 2018 energy performance project in excess of funding provided to date.

V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

	_	
Total	\$	46,278,127
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent		305,062
Financial Institution		45,973,065
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging		
Uncollateralized	\$	-

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end includes \$33,956,048 within the governmental funds and \$180,533 in the fiduciary funds.

VI. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$768,134, which consisted of \$80,961 in repurchase agreements, \$444,903 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$44,936 in FDIC insured deposits and \$197,334 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

		Unrealized	
	Carrying	Investment	Type of
Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Gain/(Loss)	Invesment
General Fund	\$ 768,134	\$ 768,134	CLASS

VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities												
		General		General		General		ecial Aid	Capi	ital Projects	School Lunch			
Description		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total				
Accounts Receivable	\$	129,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,540	\$	146,231				
Due From State and Federal		1,681,490		858,765		327,397		305,741		3,173,393				
Due From Other Governments		1,564,551		890		-		-		1,565,441				
Allowance for Uncollectible Acounts								(11,112)		(11,112)				
Total Receivables	\$	3,375,732	\$	859,655	\$	327,397	\$	311,169	\$	4,873,953				

VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Interfund								
	Receivables	Payables	Revenues	Expenditures					
General Fund	\$ 3,367,866	\$ 2,880,821	\$ -	\$ 7,232,597					
Special Aid Fund	131,905	952,133	97,692	-					
School Lunch Fund	-	200,030	-	-					
Debt Service Fund	1,210,686	-	6,693,905	-					
Capital Projects Fund	2,492,862	3,170,335	441,000						
Total	\$ 7,203,319	\$ 7,203,319	\$ 7,232,597	\$ 7,232,597					

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

IX. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	Balance 7/1/2020		Additions		Deletions		Balance <u>6/30/2021</u>	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -								
Land	\$	2,039,499	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,039,499
Work in progress		_		3,443,545		3,443,545		
Total Nondepreciable	\$	2,039,499	\$	3,443,545	\$	3,443,545	\$	2,039,499
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -		_		_		<u>.</u>		_
Buildings and Improvements	\$	170,540,543	\$	3,107,818	\$	-	\$	173,648,361
Machinery and equipment		17,823,526		1,759,962		884,729		18,698,759
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	188,364,069	\$	4,867,780	\$	884,729	\$	192,347,120
Less Accumulated Depreciation -		_		_		<u>.</u>		_
Buildings and Improvements	\$	50,299,459	\$	3,103,682	\$	-	\$	53,403,141
Machinery and equipment		11,677,132		1,619,054		878,825		12,417,361
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	61,976,591	\$	4,722,736	\$	878,825	\$	65,820,502
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net		_		_				_
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	126,387,478	\$	145,044	\$	5,904	\$	126,526,618
Total Capital Assets	\$	128,426,977	\$	3,588,589	\$	3,449,449	\$	128,566,117

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental	Activities:

General Government Support	\$ 308,207
Instruction	3,299,233
Pupil Transportation	1,114,840
School Lunch	456
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,722,736

X. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Balance <u>7/1/2020</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2021</u>
BAN-2016						
Capital Project	7/24/2020	2.00%	31,942,314	\$ -	\$ 31,942,314	\$ -
BAN-2020						
Capital Project	6/29/2021	1.25%		3,480,000	3,480,000	
Total Short-Ter	m Debt		\$ 31,942,314	\$ 3,480,000	\$ 35,422,314	\$ -

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 519,734
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	 (327,409)
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 192,325

XI. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2020</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2021</u>	_	ue Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds and Notes Payable -						
Serial Bonds	\$ 53,324,923	\$ 4,679,146	\$ 3,574,923	\$ 54,429,146	\$	4,394,146
Installment Purchase Debt	2,955,000	-	170,000	2,785,000		180,000
Amortized Bond Premium	2,878,410	 -	 89,031	2,789,379		89,031
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 59,158,333	\$ 4,679,146	\$ 3,833,954	\$ 60,003,525	\$	4,663,177
Other Liabilities -		 	 	 		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,717,608	\$ -	\$ 3,643,286	\$ 7,074,322	\$	-
OPEB	180,985,536	25,294,024	-	206,279,560		-
Compensated Absences	1,811,803	 	87,476	1,724,327		431,082
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 193,514,947	\$ 25,294,024	\$ 3,730,762	\$ 215,078,209	\$	431,082
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 252,673,280	\$ 29,973,170	\$ 7,564,716	\$ 275,081,734	\$	5,094,259

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u>	•	Original Amount	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2021
<u>Serial Bonds -</u>						
Construction	\$	10,425,000	2012	2026	2%-5%	\$ 4,495,000
Construction	\$	8,710,000	2014	2026	2%-5%	5,445,000
Reconstruction	\$	14,345,000	2017	2032	2%-5%	11,520,000
Buses	\$	1,062,002	2017	2022	1.18%	220,000
Buses	\$	1,149,514	2018	2023	2.00%	485,000
Buses	\$	1,087,060	2019	2024	2.000%-2.125%	675,000
Buses	\$	1,134,923	2020	2025	5.00%	950,000
Construction	\$	26,355,000	2020	2048	3%-5%	25,960,000
Construction	\$	3,480,000	2021	2036	2.00%	3,480,000
Buses	\$	1,199,146	2021	2026	1%-2%	 1,199,146
Total Serial Bonds						\$ 54,429,146
Unamortized Bond Premium						 2,789,379
Total Serial Bonds, Net						\$ 57,218,525
Installment Purchase Debt -						
Installment Purchase Debt	\$	3,235,000	2018	2033	3.25%-4.00%	\$ 2,785,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial	Bond	ls	 Installment P	urcha	se Debt
Year	 Principal		Interest	Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 4,394,146	\$	2,176,323	\$ 180,000	\$	122,288
2023	4,205,000		2,002,941	190,000		115,088
2024	4,115,000		1,829,709	190,000		107,488
2025	4,070,000		1,643,419	200,000		97,987
2026	4,005,000		1,457,318	210,000		87,988
2027-31	14,145,000		5,247,219	1,240,000		271,787
2032-36	8,045,000		2,453,725	575,000		30,374
2037-41	4,285,000		1,408,225	-		-
2042-46	4,970,000		710,700	-		-
2047-48	2,195,000		66,375	 <u>-</u>		
Total	\$ 54,429,146	\$	18,995,954	\$ 2,785,000	\$	833,000

(XI.) (Continued)

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2021 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 2,704,120
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(505,486)
Less: Unamortized Bond Interest	(89,031)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 354,922
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 2,464,525

XII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
Pension	\$ 32,170,617	\$ 15,305,553
OPEB	47,697,720	45,801,874
Total	\$ 79,868,337	\$ 61,107,427

XIII. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

(XIII.) (Continued)

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2021:

Contributions	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2021	\$ 1,726,108	\$ 4,472,793

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2020 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

(XIII.) (Continued)

		ERS		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Mar	ch 31, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(38,655)	\$	(7,035,667)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.039%		0.255%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expenses of \$964,558 for ERS and \$9,391,431 for TRS. At June 30, 2021 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows			
			of Resources				
		<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	472,080	\$ 6,164,652	\$	-	\$	360,564
Changes of assumptions		7,107,374	8,898,481		134,047		3,171,844
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan							
investments		-	4,594,907		11,103,940		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		287,148	 -		194,705		340,453
Subtotal	\$	7,866,602	\$ 19,658,040	\$	11,432,692	\$	3,872,861
District's contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		486,596	4,159,379				_
Grand Total	\$	8,353,198	\$ 23,817,419	\$	11,432,692	\$	3,872,861

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ERS	TRS
2021	\$ -	\$ 2,659,726
2022	(591,754)	5,451,653
2023	(224,885)	4,469,078
2024	(599,018)	2,783,779
2025	(2,150,433)	108,243
Thereafter		312,700
Total	\$ (3,566,090)	\$ 15,785,179

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

(XIII.) (Continued)

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Interest rate	5.90%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.40%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.20%
COLA's	1.40%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return			
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Asset Type -			
Domestic equity	4.05%	7.10%	
International equity	6.30%	7.70%	
Global equity	0.00%	7.40%	
Private equity	6.75%	10.40%	
Real estate	4.95%	6.80%	
Absolute return strategies *	4.50%	0.00%	
Opportunistic portfolios	4.50%	0.00%	
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%	
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.00%	
Cash	50.00%	0.00%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50%	0.00%	
Private debt	0.00%	5.20%	
Real estate debt	0.00%	3.60%	
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.90%	
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.80%	
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	1.00%	
Short-term	3.63%	0.70%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

^{*} Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$ (10,729,082)	\$ (38,655)	\$ 9,820,421
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Assumption (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (44,441,885)	\$ (7,035,667)	\$ 24,357,629

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 220,680,157	\$ 123,242,776	
Plan net position	220,580,583	120,479,505	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (99,574)	\$ (2,763,271)	
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	99.95%	97.80%	

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$486,596.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$4,472,793.

XIV. <u>Postemployment Benefits</u>

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	1236
Active Employees	808
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	428

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$206,279,560 was measured as of July 1, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

(XIV.) (Continued)

Inflation 2.4 percent

Salary Increases 3.00 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 2.21 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.5 percent for 2022, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.94 percent for 2091 and later years

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies between 0% and 25% depending on contract

The discount rate was based on 20-year, tax exempt general municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Tables, adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward with scale MP-2020.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 180,985,536
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 5,925,240
Interest	6,457,521
Differences between expected and actual experience	(19,093,070)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	36,824,698
Benefit payments	(4,820,365)
Net Changes	\$ 25,294,024
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 206,279,560

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.5 percent in 2020 to 2.21 percent in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(1.21%)</u>	<u>(2.21%)</u>	<u>(3.21%)</u>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 245,707,826	\$ 206,279,560	\$ 174,936,054	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.50%	(6.50%	(7.50%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 2.94%)	to 3.94%)	to 4.94%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 169,939,217	\$ 206,279,560	\$ 254,566,061

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,953,153. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and	 _				
actual experience	\$ -	\$	33,579,341		
Changes of assumptions	37,879,731		12,222,533		
Contributions after measurement date	9,817,989		-		
Total	\$ 47,697,720	\$	45,801,874		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2022	\$ (3,429,608)
2023	(3,429,608)
2024	(3,429,608)
2025	(2,474,205)
2026	1,799,996
Thereafter	3,040,890
Total	\$ (7,922,143)

XV. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District is a member of the Onondaga Cortland-Madison Workers' Compensation Consortium (the Plan). Current membership of the Plan includes participants from various municipal entities. The Plan is administered by Onondaga Cortland-Madison BOCES and utilizes a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims, estimating liabilities and providing actuarial services. The Plan participants are charged an annual assessment which is allocated in light of comparative experience and relative exposure based on the estimated total liability of the participating members actuarially computed each year.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$531,864.

C. <u>Major Medical</u>

The District self insures for major medical coverage for its employees. The District uses a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims and estimating liabilities. They have also purchased stop-loss insurance for any major medical claims which exceed 125% of expected total claims. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic social factors.

A reconciliation of the claims recorded for 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning liabilities	\$ 1,203,806	\$ 1,203,806
Incurred claims	19,474,757	18,635,014
Claims payments	(19,474,757)	(18,635,014)
Ending Liabilities	\$ 1,203,806	\$ 1,203,806

(XV.) (Continued)

The following statistical information is presented:

	Contribution	Actual Claim
Year	Revenue	Expense
2021	\$ 19,474,757	\$ 19,474,757
2020	\$ 18,635,014	\$ 18,635,014
2019	\$ 13,124,026	\$ 15,531,637
2018	\$ 15,440,223	\$ 15,433,860
2017	\$ 16,163,816	\$ 16,113,318
2016	\$ 14,483,669	\$ 14,359,892
2015	\$ 14,863,104	\$ 14,547,158
2014	\$ 12,318,808	\$ 12,341,490

D. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The District had no claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2020-21 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2021 was \$1,356,695 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2021, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XVI. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

There is no litigation pending against the District as of the balance sheet date.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XVII. Tax Abatement

The County of Onondaga IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the District property tax revenue was reduced \$2,306,343. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$2,061,727 to help offset the property tax reduction.

XVIII. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the School's financial condition, liquidity, voter approved budgets, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, budgets, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Federal Government passed several COVID relief acts which include funding for elementary and secondary education. The School District was awarded three different stimulus packages known as Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). New York State Required the CARES funds to be reported in the General fund, as an offset to state aid reductions, referred to as the Pandemic Adjustment, while the CRRSA and ARPA funds are required to be reported in the special aid fund.

The District reported \$627,901 in CARES revenues and expenditures during the 2021 fiscal year and has submitted the CRRSA and ARPA funding applications to the New York State Education Department for approval. All three stimulus funds may be used for pre-award costs dating back to March 13, 2020, when the national emergency was declared. The District also provided free breakfast and lunches to all students (except those who opted out) through the Federal Seamless Summer Option program.

Required Supplementary Information

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

		2021	2020		2019	2018		
Service cost	\$	5,925,240	\$ 5,967,458	\$	6,041,347	\$	7,635,866	
Interest		6,457,521	6,768,927		6,741,195		5,850,661	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(19,093,070)	-		(29,060,911)		-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		36,824,698	1,535,723		8,559,871		(25,400,469)	
Benefit payments		(4,820,365)	 (4,453,543)		(4,657,264)		(4,387,630)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	25,294,024	\$ 9,818,565	\$	(12,375,762)	\$	(16,301,572)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	180,985,536	\$ 171,166,971	\$	183,542,733	\$	199,844,305	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	206,279,560	\$ 180,985,536	\$	171,166,971	\$	183,542,733	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	51,191,979	\$ 51,191,979	\$	46,410,495	\$	48,068,115	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered								
Employee Payroll		402.95%	353.54%		368.81%		381.84%	

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS Pension Plan

		111	DEAD I CHSION I	1411			
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0388%	0.0405%	0.0409%	0.0423%	0.0391%	0.0417%	0.0417%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 38,655	\$ 10,717,608	\$ 2,894,900	\$ 1,364,956	\$ 3,671,420	\$ 6,693,349	\$ 1,273,881
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,361,866	\$ 12,109,011	\$ 11,810,352	\$ 11,931,892	\$ 10,794,427	\$ 10,706,865	\$ 11,220,415
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.313%	88.509%	24.512%	11.440%	34.012%	62.515%	11.353%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

		1111	JIND I CHSIOH I	1411			
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.2546%	0.2532%	0.2530%	0.2526%	0.2478%	0.2458%	0.2419%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 7,035,667	\$ (6,577,113)	\$ (4,574,052)	\$ (1,920,060)	\$ 2,653,976	\$(25,532,943)	\$(26,944,583)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 43,645,110	\$ 43,216,025	\$ 42,256,513	\$ 40,196,453	\$ 40,043,674	\$ 38,220,275	\$ 37,782,054
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.120%	-15.219%	-10.824%	-4.777%	6.628%	-66.805%	-71.316%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS Pension Plan

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,726,114	\$ 1,704,242	\$ 1,695,137	\$ 1,766,951	\$ 1,627,046	\$ 1,805,493	\$ 2,194,177				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,726,114)	(1,704,242)	(1,695,137)	(1,766,951)	(1,627,046)	(1,805,493)	(2,194,177)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,361,866	\$ 12,109,011	\$ 11,810,352	\$ 11,931,892	\$ 10,794,427	\$ 10,706,865	\$ 11,220,415				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.96%	14.07%	14.35%	14.81%	15.07%	16.86%	19.56%				
NYSTRS Pension Plan											
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Contractually required contributions	\$ 4,472,793	¢ 4.002.241									
	Ψ 1,172,773	\$ 4,083,241	\$ 4,758,524	\$ 4,297,455	\$ 4,942,705	\$ 5,302,722	\$ 5,806,176				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	, , , , , , , , ,				, ,						
	(4,472,793)	(4,083,241)	\$ 4,758,524 (4,758,524)	\$ 4,297,455 (4,297,455)	\$ 4,942,705 (4,942,705)	\$ 5,302,722 (5,302,722)	\$ 5,806,176				
the contractually required	, , , , , , , , ,				, ,						
the contractually required contribution	(4,472,793)				, ,						

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Current	O	Over (Under)		
	Original	Amended	Year's		Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Revenues		Budget		
REVENUES							
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$ 58,965,771	\$ 51,998,916	\$ 51,991,953	\$	(6,963)		
Real property tax items	2,207,439	9,174,294	9,028,582		(145,712)		
Non-property taxes	200,000	200,000	206,489		6,489		
Charges for services	237,500	237,500	86,732		(150,768)		
Use of money and property	100,000	100,000	28,202		(71,798)		
Sale of property and							
compensation for loss	100,000	100,000	136,064		36,064		
Miscellaneous	765,000	765,000	2,815,164		2,050,164		
State Sources -							
Basic formula	41,034,005	31,753,002	30,189,775		(1,563,227)		
Lottery aid	-	8,653,102	8,899,291		246,189		
BOCES	3,586,424	3,586,424	3,612,995		26,571		
Textbooks	452,394	452,394	331,792		(120,602)		
All Other Aid -							
Computer software	104,704	104,704	189,729		85,025		
Library loan	-	-	35,481		35,481		
Handicapped students	-	-	258,536		258,536		
Other aid	-	-	212,983		212,983		
Federal Sources	100,000	 727,901	953,565		225,664		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 107,853,237	\$ 107,853,237	\$ 108,977,333	\$	1,124,096		
Appropriated reserves	\$ 1,802,222	\$ 2,143,222					
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,604,365	\$ 2,604,365					
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 403,136	\$ 403,136					
TOTAL REVENUES AND							
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/							
FUND BALANCE	\$ 112,662,960	\$ 113,003,960					

Required Supplementary Information

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Current									
		Original		Amended	Year's				Unencumbered	
		Budget		Budget	Expenditures		Encumbrances		Balances	
EXPENDITURES										
General Support -										
Board of education	\$	57,484	\$	52,585	\$	30,937	\$	9,150	\$	12,498
Central administration		303,408		308,808		298,259		136		10,413
Finance		1,067,515		1,045,911		1,020,246		1,522		24,143
Staff		791,433		862,380		797,827		9,630		54,923
Central services		6,408,939		6,064,800		4,867,774		127,588		1,069,438
Special items		817,228		819,902		801,476		-		18,426
Instructional -										
Instruction, administration and improvement		4,345,312		4,329,239		3,843,543		472		485,224
Teaching - regular school		33,429,815		33,523,702		31,822,667		124,397		1,576,638
Programs for children with										
handicapping conditions		11,781,449		11,682,518		10,976,300		4,867		701,351
Occupational education		1,034,930		1,034,930		1,034,930		-		-
Teaching - special schools		172,060		97,560		47,831		-		49,729
Instructional media		2,455,608		2,551,850		2,247,268		5,862		298,720
Pupil services		5,522,235		5,634,733		4,976,516		8,922		649,295
Pupil Transportation		6,162,969		6,033,267		5,586,076		35,596		411,595
Employee Benefits		31,320,978		31,729,178		30,558,444		-		1,170,734
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	105,771,363	\$	105,771,363	\$	98,910,094	\$	328,142	\$	6,533,127
Other Uses -										_
Transfers - out	\$	6,891,597	\$	7,232,597	\$	7,232,597	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER USES	\$	112,662,960	\$	113,003,960	\$	106,142,691	\$	328,142	\$	6,533,127
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,834,642				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		36,457,813		36,457,813		36,457,813				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	36,457,813	\$	36,457,813	\$	39,292,455				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Expenditures				Methods of Financing				
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State		Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	<u>Years</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance
2016-17 Bus Purchases	\$ 1,062,002	\$ 1,062,002	\$ 1,020,661	\$ -	\$ 1,020,661	\$ 41,341	\$ 1,062,002	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,062,002	\$ 41,341
2017-18 Bus Purchases	1,149,514	1,149,514	1,121,324	-	1,121,324	28,190	1,149,514	-	-	1,149,514	28,190
2018-19 Bus Purchases	1,087,060	1,087,060	1,066,330	-	1,066,330	20,730	1,087,060	-	-	1,087,060	20,730
2019-20 Bus Purchases	1,134,923	1,134,923	1,126,587	-	1,126,587	8,336	1,134,923	-	-	1,134,923	8,336
2020-21 Bus Purchases	1,199,146	1,199,146	-	1,186,598	1,186,598	12,548	1,199,146	-	-	1,199,146	12,548
2020-21 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	-	95,826	95,826	4,174	-	100,000	-	100,000	4,174
2013-14 Renovation Project	18,500,000	18,500,000	18,439,555	-	18,439,555	60,445	14,345,000	4,155,000	-	18,500,000	60,445
2015-16 Renovation Project	32,432,400	32,432,400	31,597,416	554,573	32,151,989	280,411	28,462,314	3,970,092	-	32,432,406	280,417
2018 Energy Performance	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,508,729	-	3,508,729	(8,729)	3,235,000	264,928	-	3,499,928	(8,801)
2018 Safety & Security Project	5,803,600	4,310,000	1,386,233	1,359,607	2,745,840	1,564,160	3,480,000	830,000	-	4,310,000	1,564,160
2021 Equipment Purchases	341,000	341,000	-	340,956	340,956	44	-	341,000	-	341,000	44
Smart School Investment Plan	1,242,941	1,242,941	1,051,777	12,503	1,064,280	178,661	-	-	1,064,280	1,064,280	-
Smart Schools Investment Plan - Safety & Security	1,493,600	1,493,600	230,320	1,080,080	1,310,400	183,200			1,310,400	1,310,400	
TOTAL	\$ 69,046,186	\$ 67,552,586	\$ 60,548,932	\$ 4,630,143	\$ 65,179,075	\$ 2,373,511	\$ 55,154,959	\$ 9,661,020	\$ 2,374,680	\$ 67,190,659	\$ 2,011,584

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget		\$ 112,259,824
Prior year's encumbrances		403,136
Original Budget		\$ 112,662,960
Budget revisions -		
Capital Project - Equipment Purchases		341,000
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 113,003,960
CECTION 1210 OF BEAT BROBERTY WAY I AND INVE	CALCIU ATVON	
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT	CALCULATION:	
2021-22 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 114,375,039
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 2,932,507	
Unassigned fund balance	4,575,001	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 7,507,508	
Less adjustments:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,604,365	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	328,142	
Total adjustments	\$ 2,932,507	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		4,575,001

ACTUAL PERCENTAGE

4.00%

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Special

	Revenue Funds								Total			
		Special	School Lunch			Miscellaneous		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental		
		Aid			Library		Special Revenue					
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,947	\$	133,959	\$	860,988	\$	184,332	\$	-	\$	1,194,226
Receivables		859,655		311,169		-		-		-		1,170,824
Inventories		-		94,746		-		-		-		94,746
Due from other funds		131,905		_		-		-		1,210,686		1,342,591
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,006,507	\$	539,874	\$	860,988	\$	184,332	\$	1,210,686	\$	3,802,387
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES											
<u>Liabilities</u> -												
Accounts payable	\$	49,085	\$	36,373	\$	138,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	224,339
Accrued liabilities		5,289		2,615		27,352		-		-		35,256
Due to other funds		952,133		200,030		-		-		-		1,152,163
Due to other governments		-		1,966		-		-		-		1,966
Unearned revenue		_		59,229		-		_		_		59,229
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,006,507	\$	300,213	\$	166,233	\$		\$		\$	1,472,953
Fund Balances -												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	94,746	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94,746
Restricted		-		-		-		184,332		1,210,686		1,395,018
Assigned		-		144,915		694,755		_		_		839,670
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	239,661	\$	694,755	\$	184,332	\$	1,210,686	\$	2,329,434
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND												
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,006,507	\$	539,874	\$	860,988	\$	184,332	\$	1,210,686	\$	3,802,387

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Special

	Revenue Funds								Total			
	Aid Lunch					Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental		
REVENUES		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Li</u>	brary Fund		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$		\$		\$	1,552,922	\$		\$		\$	1,552,922
Charges for services	ψ	-	φ	-	ψ	2,314	ψ	-	ψ	-	ψ	2,314
Use of money and property		_		40		519				_		559
Miscellaneous		_		4,885		34,076		101,988				140,949
State sources		309,299		38,744		259,875		101,700		_		607,918
Federal sources		2,281,067		1,127,915		237,073		_		_		3,408,982
Sales		2,201,007		83,452		_		_		_		83,452
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,590,366	\$	1,255,036	\$	1,849,706	\$	101,988	\$		\$	5,797,096
EXPENDITURES												
General support	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	385,548	\$	385,548
Instruction		2,661,936		-		-		87,163		-		2,749,099
Pupil transportation		18,695		-		-		-		-		18,695
Community services		-		-		1,486,972		-		-		1,486,972
Employee benefits		7,427		280,402		294,342		-		-		582,171
Debt service - principal		-		-		-		-		5,852,237		5,852,237
Debt service - interest		-		-		-		-		3,223,854		3,223,854
Cost of sales		-		427,136		-		-		-		427,136
Other expenses		-		614,014		-		-				614,014
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	2,688,058	\$	1,321,552	\$	1,781,314	\$	87,163	\$	9,461,639	\$	15,339,726
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(97,692)	\$	(66,516)	\$	68,392	\$	14,825	\$	(9,461,639)	\$	(9,542,630)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers - in	\$	97,692	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,693,905	\$	6,791,597
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		-		-		181,348		181,348
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING												
SOURCES (USES)	\$	97,692	\$		\$		\$		\$	6,875,253	\$	6,972,945
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	(66,516)	\$	68,392	\$	14,825	\$	(2,586,386)	\$	(2,569,685)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING												
OF YEAR (restated)				306,177	_	626,363		169,507		3,797,072		4,899,119
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	239,661	\$	694,755	\$	184,332	\$	1,210,686	\$	2,329,434

Supplementary Information BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Capital assets, net		\$ 128,566,117
Add:		
Unspent bond proceeds	\$ 2,016,167	
		2,016,167
Deduct:		
Bond payable	\$ 54,429,146	
Installment purchase debt	2,785,000	
Unamortized bond premium	2,789,379	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	8,801	
		 60,012,326
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 70,569,958

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Total <u>Expenditures</u>		
U.S. Department of Education:						
Indirect Programs:						
Passed Through NYS Education Department -						
Special Education Cluster IDEA -						
Special Education - Grants to						
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-21-0648	\$	1,408,759	
Special Education - Preschool						
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-21-0648		50,704	
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	1,459,463	
Education Stablization Funds -						
CARES Act - GEER	84.425C	N/A	5895-21-0648	\$	90,996	
CARES Act - ESSER	84.425D	N/A	5890-21-0648		536,905	
Total Education Stablizaiton Funds				\$	627,901	
Title IIA - Supporting Effective						
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-21-2130		139,343	
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-21-2130		34,719	
Title I - School Improvement Grants	84.377	N/A	0011-21-3006		75,239	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-21-2130		572,302	
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	2,908,967	
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Indirect Programs: Passed Through NYS Education Department -						
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u>						
Summer Food Program-COVID	10.559	N/A	006720	\$	1,127,915	
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash						
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	006720		63,023	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ \$	1,190,938	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,190,938	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL	AWARDS			\$	4,099,905	



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Baldwinsville Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Baldwinsville Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 15, 2021

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