

QUICK FACTS

- The 65 team tournament has only existed since 2001. Prior there were 64 teams from 1985-2000. Before that the tournament underwent many changes and grew variably from 8 teams in 1939 to 53 teams in 1984 before becoming the tournament we know today.
- 1/6 of the money made from the tournament goes directly to the schools. 1/3 goes to the schools based on scholarships they give out. 1/2 goes to conferences based on how well they did in the six previous men's basketball tournaments. In 2007 the Big East received over \$14.85 million. The eight conferences that didn't win a first round game in those six years even received over \$1 million each.
- Only 6 teams since the seeding system have been ranked #1 in a season poll and gone on to win the tournament: North Carolina (1982), Duke (1992), UCLA (1995), Michigan State (2000), Duke (2001), Florida (2007).
- Since the NCAA started seeding teams in 1979, only once have all four #1 seeds made it to the Final Four: (2008) Kansas, NC, Memphis, UCLA.
- At least one #1 seed has made it to the Final Four in every year except:
 - o 1980: Louisville #2, Iowa #5, Purdue #6, UCLA #8
 - o 2006: UCLA #2, Florida #3, LSU #4, George Mason #11
 - 2011 UConn (3), Butler (8), Kentucky (4), UCLA (11)
- The only team to beat 3 #1 seeds in a single tournament was #4 Arizona in 1997. This is the most possible 1 seeds that can be played.
- 2009 marked the first time all 12 of the #1, 2, and 3 seeds made it to the Sweet 16.
- No team as a #16 seed has ever defeated a #1 seed. 2018 #16 UMBC beat #1 Virginia
- The #12 seed has beaten the #5 seed 44% of the time.
- The smallest margin of victory in a championship game: 1 point
 - o One of those: Michigan 80, Seton Hall 79 in OT (1989)
- Biggest margin of victory in a championship game: 30 points
 - o UNLV 103, Duke 73 (1990)
- UCLA, Michigan State and Duke are the only teams to ever win every game in the tournament by 10 points or more on their way to a championship. Michigan State accomplished this twice (1979, 2000).
- As a tournament ritual, the winning team cuts down the net at the end of the regional championship game as well as the national championship game.
- Since 1986, the winning team is traditionally given the floor from the championship venue to keep.

About brackets...

- There are **9,223,372,036,854,775,808** possible brackets. (over 9.2 quintillion)
 - o If one bracket per second was filled out it would take **292 trillion years** to fill out all possible brackets (that's 20 times longer than the universe has existed).
 - o If all brackets were stacked on top of each other (on standard paper), the pile would reach **from the moon and back over 1.1 million times**.
 - o Even if a person had a 90% chance of winning each game they picked, their odds would still be **763 to 1** against picking a perfect bracket.

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Below you will find a table that shows all teams that have won a national title through 2008. Use this information to answer the questions that follow.

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School	Titles	Years
Arizona	1	1997
Arkansas	1	1994
California	1	1959
CCNY	1	1950
Cincinnati	2	1961, 1962
Connecticut	2 4	1999, 2004, 2011, 2014
Duke	3 5	1991, 1992, 2001, 2010, 2015
Florida	2	2006, 2007
Georgetown	1	1984
Holy Cross	1	1947
Indiana	5	1940, 1953, 1976, 1981, 1987
Kansas	3	1952, 1988, 2008
Kentucky	7 8	1948, 1949, 1951, 1958, 1978, 1996, 1998, 2012
La Salle	1	1954
Louisville	2 3	1980, 1986, 2013
Loyola (Chicago)	1	1963
Marquette	1	1977
Maryland	1	2002
Michigan	1	1989
Michigan State	2	1979, 2000
North Carolina	4 5	1957, 1982, 1993, 2005, 2017
North Carolina State	2 3	1974, 1983, 2009
Ohio State	1	1960
Oklahoma State	2	1945, 1946
Oregon	1	1939
San Francisco	2	1955, 1956
Stanford	1	1942
Syracuse	1	2003
UCLA	11	1964, 1965, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1975, 1995
UNLV	1	1990
Utah	1	1944
UTEP (Texas Western)	1	1966
Villanova	2 3	1985, 2016, 2018
Wisconsin	1	1941
Wyoming	1	1943

Virginia 1 2019

Lowest Seed to ever win: 8-Villanova (1985)

6. Of all teams that have won a title, find:
- The mean number of titles won.
 - The median number of titles won.
 - The mode.
 - The range.
 - The standard deviation.
 - Are there any outliers? Justify with calculations.

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(More than 3 SD. from the mean)

7. Which one of these quantities in a – e give the best representation of the data? Explain.

8. Make a box plot of the data in the space below. (Don't forget to consider and plot the outliers!)

