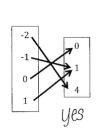
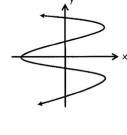


HW 6.1 Answers

1. no; 3 repeats
2. yes
3. yes
4. no; fails the vertical line test
5. yes
6. no; circle, fails the vertical line test
7. $h(-4) = -14$
8. $g(-2) = -7$
9. $f(-3) = 5/7$
10. $k(-3) = 9$
11. $f(n+2) = 2n - 1$
12. $h(n+1) = n^2 + 2$
13. $g(n-1) = 4n^2 - 4n + 1$
14. $k(2n+1) = -6n - 1$

Jan 3-8:24 PM

In 1-6, determine if the relation is a function. If it is not, explain why it is not a function.

1. $\{(3, 2), (-9, 0), (3, -3), (1, -2)\}$
No. 3 repeats
2. $y = x^3 - 1$
3. 
Yes
4. 
No. Fails vertical line test.
5. $y = |x - 2| + 1$

Yes
6. $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 9$
No. Circle. Fails vertical line test.

Evaluate each of the following:

7. $h(x) = 3x - 2$, find $h(-4)$
 $h(-4) = 3(-4) - 2$
 $h(-4) = -14$
8. $g(x) = -x^2 - 3$, find $g(-2)$
 $g(-2) = -(-2)^2 - 3$
 $= -4 - 3$
 $= -7$
9. $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3x+2}$, find $f(-3)$
 $f(-3) = \frac{2(-3)+1}{3(-3)+2}$
 $f(-3) = \frac{-5}{-7}$
10. $k(x) = 2\sqrt{1-x} + 5$, find $k(-3)$
 $k(-3) = 2\sqrt{1+3} + 5$
 $k(-3) = 2(2) + 5$
 $k(-3) = 9$

Jan 11-8:43 PM

11. $f(x) = 2x - 5$, find $f(n+2)$
 $f(n+2) = 2(n+2) - 5$
 $f(n+2) = 2n - 1$
12. $h(x) = (x - 1)^2 + 2$, find $h(n+1)$
 $h(n+1) = (n+1-1)^2 + 2$
 $h(n+1) = n^2 + 2$

13. $g(x) = (2x+1)^2$, find $g(n-1)$
 $g(n-1) = (2(n-1)+1)^2$
 $g(n-1) = (2n-1)^2 = (2n-1)(2n-1)$
 $g(n-1) = 2n(2n-1) - 1(2n-1)$
 $g(n-1) = 4n^2 - 2n - 2n + 1$
 $g(n-1) = 4n^2 - 4n + 1$
14. $k(x) = 2 - 3x$, find $k(2n+1)$
 $k(2n+1) = 2 - 3(2n+1)$
 $k(2n+1) = -6n - 1$

Jan 11-8:44 PM

Unit 6

Day 2

Domain & Range

Jan 3-3:41 PM

Warm-Up: $f(x) = -x^2 + 3x$ find $f(2x - 1)$

$$f(2x-1) = -(2x-1)^2 + 3(2x-1)$$

Aside:

$$(2x-1)^2 =$$

$$(2x-1)(2x-1)$$

$$2x(2x-1) - 1(2x-1)$$

$$4x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$f(2x-1) = -4x^2 + 4x - 1 + 6x - 3$$

$$f(2x-1) = -4x^2 + 10x - 4$$

Domain - The domain of a function is the set of all x-values (inputs), independent variable

Range - The range of a function is the set of all y-values (outputs), dependent variable

Jan 3-3:42 PM

Jan 3-3:42 PM

For the following relations, state the domain and range.

Determine (yes or no) if the relation is a function.

1. $\{(3, 2), (5, 7), (1, 4), (9, 2), (3, 7)\}$
 Domain: $\{3, 5, 1, 9\}$
 Range: $\{2, 7, 4\}$
 Function? no

2. $\{(6, 2), (3, 5), (9, 0), (5, 7), (8, 5)\}$
 Domain: $\{6, 3, 9, 5, 8\}$
 Range: $\{2, 5, 0, 7\}$
 Function? yes

Jan 3-3:43 PM

3. $\{(1, 1), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (5, 1)\}$

Domain: $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$
 Range: $\{1, 3, 4, 2\}$
 Function? yes

4. $\{(6, 1), (9, 2), (6, 8), (9, 7), (-8, 3)\}$

Domain: $\{6, 9, -8\}$
 Range: $\{1, 2, 8, 7, 3\}$
 Function? no

Jan 3-3:46 PM

Two Types of Notation: Set-Builder and Interval

Given the number line graph: 

Set-Builder $\rightarrow \{x | -2 \leq x < 7\}$

Read: The set of all x such that -2 is less than or equal to x and x is less than 7

Interval Notation $\rightarrow$ Parentheses and/or brackets are used to show whether the endpoints are excluded or included. For example, $[2, 7)$ is the interval of real numbers between 2 and 7 , including 2 and excluding 7 .

• $[]$
 ○ $()$

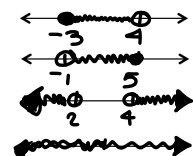
Interval Notation

Set-Builder Notation

Number Line Graph

$[-3, 4)$
 $(-1, 5]$
 $(-\infty, 2)$ or $(4, \infty)$
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

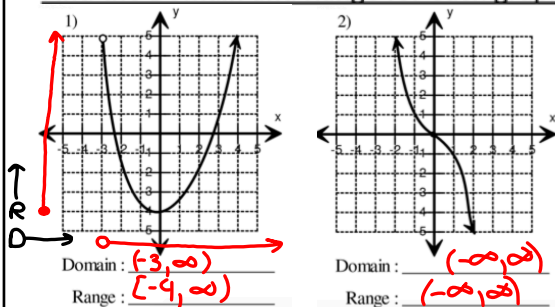
$\{x | -3 \leq x < 4\}$
 $\{x | -1 < x \leq 5\}$
 $\{x | x < 2 \text{ or } x > 4\}$
 $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 "the set of all x such that x is an element of the real numbers."



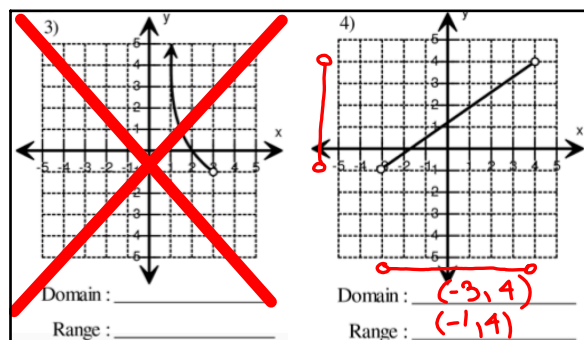
Jan 3-3:47 PM

Jan 3-3:47 PM

Find the Domain and Range for each graph.

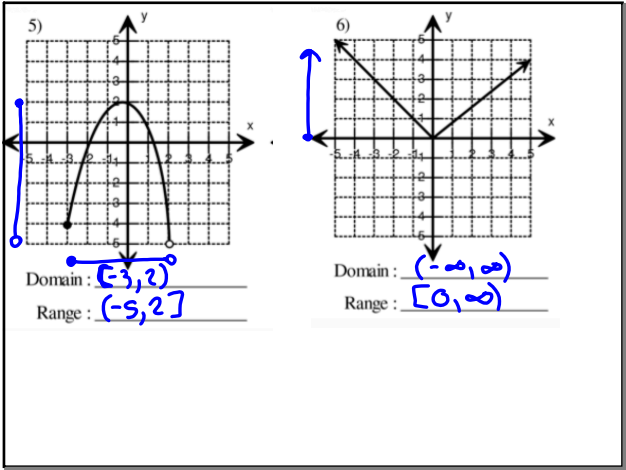


Domain Move from Left to Right
 Range Move from Bottom to Top

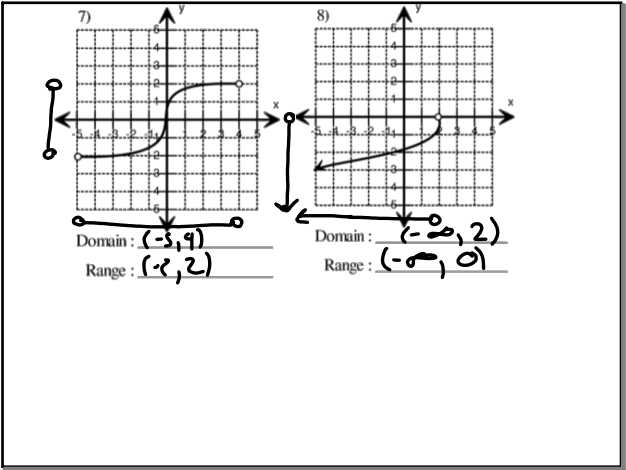


Jan 3-3:47 PM

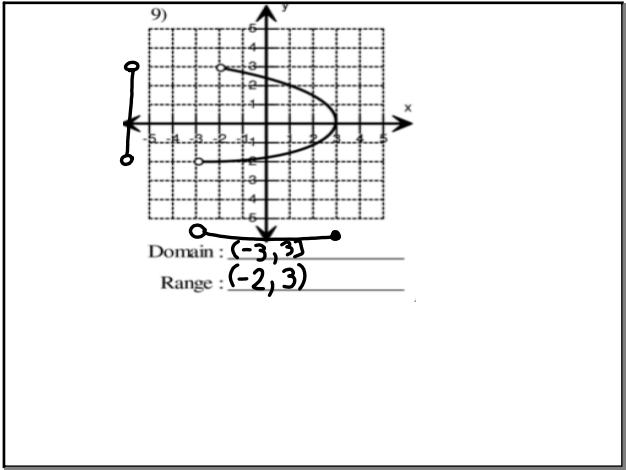
Jan 3-3:51 PM



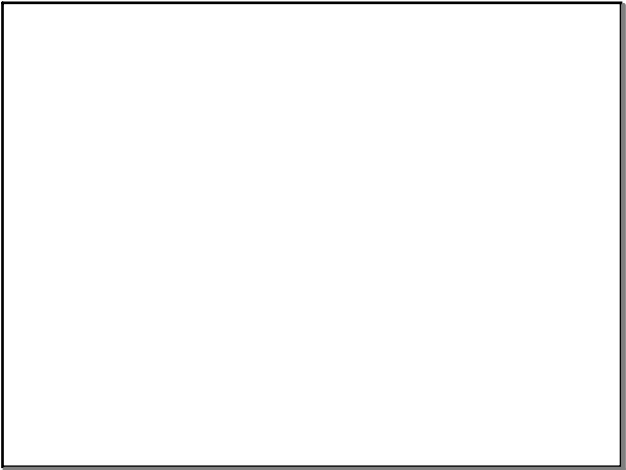
Jan 3-3:50 PM



Jan 3-3:52 PM



Jan 3-3:52 PM



Nov 30-7:37 AM