

## HW 9-4

1. 4

2. 32

3.  $\frac{1}{27}$

4. -8

5. 25

6.  $125x^9$

7.  $\frac{1}{27x^3}$

8.  $\sqrt[5]{5^3}$  or  $\sqrt[5]{125}$

9.  $5\sqrt[5]{x^3}$

10.  $\sqrt[5]{(x+6)}$

11.  $x^{\frac{3}{4}}$

12.  $7x^{\frac{4}{7}}$

13.  $(x+9)^{\frac{5}{4}}$

14.  $7^{\frac{5}{9}}$

15.  $10^{\frac{35}{36}}$

16.  $5^{\frac{5}{12}}$

17.  $b^{\frac{2}{3}}$

18.  $7^{\frac{7}{24}}$

19.  $11^{\frac{2}{35}}$

20.  $y^{\frac{11}{30}}$

21.  $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

22. 1

23.  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{x^3}}$  or  $\frac{3}{(\sqrt{x})^3}$

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Simplify. Write your answers as fractions, if necessary.

1.  $64^{\frac{1}{3}} = 4$

2.  $16^{\frac{5}{4}}$   
 $= (\sqrt[4]{16})^5$   
 $= 2^5 = 32$

3.  $81^{-\frac{3}{4}}$   
 $= \frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{81})^3}$   
 $= \frac{1}{3^3} = \frac{1}{27}$

4.  $(-32)^{\frac{3}{5}}$   
 $= (\sqrt[5]{-32})^3$   
 $= (-2)^3$   
 $= -8$

5.  $\left(-\frac{1}{125}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

$= (-125)^{\frac{2}{3}}$   
 $= (\sqrt[3]{-125})^2 = (5^2) \cdot 25$

6.  $(25x^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}$   
 $= (\sqrt{25x^6})^3$   
 $= (5x^3)^3 = 125x^9$

7.  $\left(\frac{1}{9x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$   
 $= \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{9x^2}}\right)^3$   
 $= \left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{27x^3}$

State each expression as a simplified radical expression.

8.  $5^{\frac{3}{5}}$   
 $= \sqrt[5]{5^3}$   
or  
 $\sqrt[5]{125}$

9.  $5x^{\frac{3}{5}}$   
 $= 5\sqrt[5]{x^3}$

10.  $(x+6)^{\frac{1}{5}}$   
 $= \sqrt[5]{(x+6)}$

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State each radical expression in exponential form.

$$11. \sqrt[4]{x^3} = x^{3/4}$$

$$12. 7\sqrt[7]{x^4} = 7x^{4/7}$$

$$13. \sqrt[4]{(x+9)^5} = (x+9)^{5/4}$$

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Multiply and simplify.

$$14. 7^{1/9} \cdot 7^{4/9} = 7^{5/9}$$

$$15. 10^{2/9} \cdot 10^{3/4} = 10^{8/36} \cdot 10^{27/36} = 10^{35/36}$$

$$16. \sqrt[12]{5} \cdot \sqrt[3]{5} = 5^{1/12} \cdot 5^{1/3} = 5^{1/12} \cdot 5^{4/12} = 5^{5/12}$$

Divide and simplify.

$$17. \frac{b^{7/9}}{b^{1/9}} = b^{6/9} = b^{2/3}$$

$$18. \frac{7^{3/8}}{7^{1/12}} = 7^{9/24} \div 7^{2/24} = 7^{7/24}$$

$$19. \frac{\sqrt[5]{11}}{\sqrt[4]{11}} = \frac{11^{1/5}}{11^{1/4}} = \frac{11^{4/20}}{11^{5/20}} = 11^{2/35}$$

Simplify.

$$20. \frac{\sqrt[5]{y}}{y^{1/2}} \cdot y^{2/3} = \frac{y^{1/5}}{y^{1/2}} \cdot y^{2/3} = \frac{y^{6/30}}{y^{15/30}} \cdot y^{20/30} = \frac{y^{26/30}}{y^{15/30}} = y^{11/30}$$

$$21. \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot x^{1/6}}{(x^2)^{1/8}} = \frac{x^{1/3} \cdot x^{1/6}}{x^{1/4}} = \frac{x^{4/12} \cdot x^{2/12}}{x^{3/12}} = \frac{x^{6/12}}{x^{3/12}} = x^{1/4}$$

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22. If  $f(x) = 3x^{-\frac{1}{4}}$ , find  $f(81)$

$$\frac{3}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}} = 3(81)^{-\frac{1}{4}} = 3\left(\frac{1}{81}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 3\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{81}} = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

23. Written without fractional or negative exponents,  $3x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$  is equal to

$$3x^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^3}} \text{ or } \frac{3}{(\sqrt{x})^3}$$

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## Operations with Fractional Exponents and Simplifying Radical Expressions

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Unit 9 Day 5

Operations with Fractional Exponents and Simplifying Radical ExpressionsWrite the following expressions as a single term with a fractional exponent.

$$1. \sqrt[3]{x} \cdot \sqrt{x} = x^{1/3} \cdot x^{1/2} \\ = x^{1/3 + 1/2} = x^{5/6}$$

$$2. \sqrt[4]{2a} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2a} \quad (2a)^{1/4} \cdot (2a)^{1/3} \\ = 2a^{1/4} \cdot 2a^{1/3} \\ = (2a)^{1/12}$$

Using the rules for positive and negative exponents, simplify the following expressions.

$$3a. \left( \frac{m^2}{m^{1/3}} \right)^{-1/2} : \left( \frac{m^{1/3}}{m^2} \right)^{1/2} \\ = \frac{m^{1/6}}{m^{-1}} \quad 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} : 1 \\ = m^{1/6 - 1} : m^{1/6 - 2} \\ = m^{-5/6} : \frac{1}{m^{5/6}} \\ \text{or} \\ \sqrt[6]{m^5}$$

$$b. \left( \frac{x^2}{x^{1/3}} \right)^{-1/3} : \left( \frac{x^{1/2}}{x^2} \right)^{1/3} = \frac{x^{1/6}}{x^{2/3}} \\ = x^{1/6 - 2/3} = x^{1/6 - 4/6} = x^{-3/6} \\ = x^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{x^{1/2}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

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4. For  $x \neq 0$ , which expression(s) are equivalent to one divided by the sixth root of  $x$ ?

$$a) \frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} : \frac{x^{1/6}}{x^{1/3}} \\ = x^{1/6 - 1/3} \\ = x^{1/6 - 2/6} \\ = x^{-1/6} \\ = \frac{1}{x^{1/6}}$$

$$b) \frac{x^{1/6}}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$c) x^{-1/6}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{x^{1/6}}$$

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With the following two questions, you will need to think about how you can eliminate a fractional exponent so that the variable that you are solving for is to the first power.

5. Solve algebraically for n:  $m^{-\frac{2}{7}} \cdot \sqrt[4]{n^5} = m^{\frac{8}{7}}$

$$\frac{m^{-\frac{2}{7}} \cdot n^{\frac{5}{4}}}{m^{-\frac{2}{7}}} = \frac{m^{\frac{8}{7}}}{m^{-\frac{2}{7}}}$$

$$n^{\frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{5}} = m^{\frac{10}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{5}}$$

$$n^1 = m^{\frac{40}{35}} = m^{\frac{8}{7}}$$

$$\frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = 1$$

6. Given the equal terms  $\sqrt[3]{x^5}$  and  $y^{\frac{5}{6}}$ , determine and state y in terms of x.

$$\sqrt[3]{x^5} = y^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$x^{\frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{6}{5}} = y^{\frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{6}}$$

$$y = x^{\frac{30}{5}} = x^2$$

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When written as a radical  $\sqrt[n]{b}$ , the **radicand** is  $b$  and the **index** is  $n$ . The denominator of the exponent in  $a^n = b$  is also the index of the radical. If the index is odd, a negative number can have a negative root. If the index is even, the radicand must be positive to have a real value.

Powers to Memorize:

| Base | Power | 2  | 3   | 4   | 5   |
|------|-------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 2    |       | 4  | 8   | 16  | 32  |
| 3    |       | 9  | 27  | 81  | 243 |
| 4    |       | 16 | 64  | 256 | x   |
| 5    |       | 25 | 125 | 625 | x   |

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7. Simplify. Identify the index and the radicand.

a.  $\sqrt[3]{-27} = -3$

b.  $\sqrt[4]{16} = 2$

c.  $\sqrt[3]{8y^3} = 2y$

d.  $\sqrt{4x^6} = 2x^3$

Students try

$\sqrt[3]{64x^6} = 4x^2$

$\sqrt[4]{81y^{12}} = 3y^3$

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### Product and Quotient Rule for Radicals

Product Rule:  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ , with  $\sqrt[n]{a}$  and  $\sqrt[n]{b}$  as real numbers

Quotient Rule:  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$  with  $b \neq 0$ , and  $\sqrt[n]{a}$  and  $\sqrt[n]{b}$  as real numbers

8. Simplify using the product rule or quotient rule.

a.  $\sqrt[3]{48x^3y^5}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt[3]{8x^3y^3} \sqrt[3]{6y^2} \\ &= 2xy \sqrt[3]{6y^2} \end{aligned}$$

b.  $\sqrt[4]{64x^{10}}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt[4]{16x^8} \sqrt[4]{4x^2} \\ &= 2x^2 \sqrt[4]{4x^2} \end{aligned}$$

c.  $\sqrt{48x^5y^8}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{16x^4y^8} \sqrt{3x} \\ &= 4x^2y^4 \sqrt{3x} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{d. } \frac{\sqrt[3]{16x^8}}{\sqrt[3]{2x^2}} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{16x^8}{2x^2}} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{8x^6} \\ &= 2x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Students try:

$$\sqrt[3]{54x^4y^9}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e. } \frac{\sqrt{3x^2}}{\sqrt{12x}} &= \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{12x}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1x}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{2a^{15}}}{\sqrt[4]{32a^3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f. } \frac{\sqrt[4]{5y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{16y}} &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{5y^5}{16y}} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{5y^4}{16}} \\ &= \frac{y\sqrt[4]{5}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

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