

# Synthetic Division

graded



Oct 19-8:00 PM

P. 270

11) d      13) b      34) 3, multiplicity of 1  
 1, multiplicity of 1      -3, multiplicity of 1  
 -1, multiplicity of 1

P. 283

2) a) 6      b) 6      c) 5

4) a) 10      b) 10      c) 9

6) a) 4      b) 4      c) 3

7) d      8) a      9) f      10) c      11) b      12) e

13) x-int: (0,0) (-2,0)      y-int: (0,0) tangent at (0,0) end behavior:  $y = -x^3$

20) x-int: (0,0) (3,0)      y-int: (0,0) tangent at (0,0) end behavior:  $y = x^3$

21) x-int: (2,0) (-3,0)      y-int: (0,-24) tangent at (2,0) end behavior:  $y = x^3$

13.

20.

21.

13.

20.

21.

Oct 19-8:03 PM

Long Division:

$$(x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1) \div (x + 1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1 \\ x+1 \overline{)x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1} \\ x^4 + x^3 \\ \hline 3x^3 + 6x^2 \\ 3x^3 + 3x^2 \\ \hline 3x^2 + 4x \\ 3x(x+1) \quad - 3x^2 + 3x \\ \hline 1(x+1) \quad - \frac{x+1}{0} \end{array}$$

Synthetic Division:

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Coefficients} \\ \hline -1 & 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1 \\ & \downarrow & & & & \downarrow \\ & -1 & -3 & -3 & -1 & \\ \hline 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1 \end{array}$$

Leave space for all coefficients

1.  $(x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6) \div (x - 2)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \mid 1 & 2 & -5 & -6 \\ & \downarrow & 2 & 8 & 6 \\ & 1 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ x^2 + 4x + 3 \end{array}$$

2.  $(x^4 - 3x^2 + 6) \div (x + 1)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \mid 1 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 6 \\ & \downarrow & -1 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ & 1 & -1 & -2 & 2 & 4 \\ x^3 - x^2 - 2x + 2 + \frac{4}{x+1} \end{array}$$

Oct 19-8:13 PM

Oct 19-8:15 PM

3.  $(-y^6 + 4y^4 + 3y^2 + 2y) \div (y + 2)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -y^5 + 0y^4 + 4y^3 + 0y^2 + 3y + 0 \\ -2 \mid -1 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ & \downarrow & 2 & -4 & 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 3 & -9 & 8 \\ -y^5 + 2y^4 + 3y^3 - 4y^2 + 8 \\ \hline y^2 \end{array}$$

4.  $(x^2 + 1) \div (x + 1)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \mid 1 & 0 & 1 \\ & \downarrow & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ x - 1 + \frac{2}{x+1} \end{array}$$

Using synthetic division, determine whether the numbers are zeros of the polynomial function.

roots? zero remainder

5. -3, 1       $f(x) = x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \mid 1 & 4 & 2 & -4 & -3 \\ & \downarrow & -3 & -3 & 3 & 3 \\ & 1 & -3 & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ \text{yes} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \mid 1 & 4 & 2 & -4 & -3 \\ & \downarrow & 1 & 5 & 7 & 3 \\ & 1 & 5 & 7 & 3 & 0 \\ \text{yes} \end{array}$$

Oct 19-8:15 PM

Oct 18-1:20 PM

Homework:

pg 291:

12, 16, 19, 32, 34

Quiz Thursday

Oct 19-8:16 PM

Oct 22-9:16 AM